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Obituary

Rev. Norman Burke

At the age of sixty-eight years the Reverend Norman Burke, pastor of the Green River and Whitevale Baptist Churches, was laid to rest on November 22nd in the Whitevale Cemetery, following service in the Whitevale Baptist Church.

Born in 1875 at Hartford, Ontario, Rev. Burke graduated from Woodstock College, followed by courses in McMaster University and Brandon College, and spent his student days in the mission fields of Ontario and Quebec. His first pastorate was at Roland, Manitoba, where he married Miss Ethel Mae Frith, of Boissevain, Manitoba. Due to Mr. Burke's ill health and seeking a dryer climate, they moved to Wetaskiwin, Alberta, where, after five years as pastor there, Mr. Burke's health failed and he was advised to live on a farm.

In 1908 Mr. and Mrs. Burke, with two small children, drove by team and wagon over prairie trails to their newly acquired homestead about one-hundred miles south-east of Wetaskiwin, and found themselves in a verdant but sparsely settled district, still without a name. However, about two years later the C.N.R. was constructed one mile north of their property and the settlement of Highland, later renamed Delia, was established.

Mr. Burke was always keenly interested in municipal affairs and educational facilities. In his early pioneering days he taught school in the Arrawana and Hand Hills School Districts, riding horseback about ten miles morning and evening to the latter. The Village of Delia owes much to Norman Burke for his organization ~~of the Delia School Board~~, and particularly for the construction of the modern public and high school built here about the year 1924.

In 1928 Mr. Burke gave up farm life, and after living for a short period in the Stettler district, moved to Toronto where, his health much improved, he asked for another post as Baptist pastor, preferably in a rural district. He was given one of the most difficult fields of the Baptist Home Mission, that of one on Manitoulin Island, and there he ministered for three years, happy and faithful in his good work. His last pastorate was that of Green River and Whitevale, in whose service he became ill and three weeks ago underwent two serious operations in the Wellesley Hospital, Toronto. After the second operation Mr. Burke had a relapse and failed to rally, passing away on Saturday morning, November 20th.

Rev. Dr. Schutt, Toronto, conducted funeral services, and Rev. Dr. H. H. Bingham, also of Toronto, gave the address. They were assisted by Rev. C. Hodgson, Toronto; Rev. H. Wilson, King; Rev. Marshall, Oshawa; Rev. Taylor, Uxbridge; Rev. Kennedy, Brougham; Rev. E. Green, Whitby; Rev. Dr. Reddick, Whitevale; and Mr. H. Humphries, Whitby.

Floral tributes were many and beautiful, small tokens of the great esteem in which Mr. Burke was held. A Masonic service was conducted at the cemetery. Mr. Burke was a member of the Handhill Masonic Lodge, Delia.

Pallbearers were members of the Green River and Whitevale churches.

Mr. Burke leaves in bereavement his wife, Ethel Mae; two sons, F/O Wm. Frith Burke, R.C.A.F.; Chief Petty Officer John Norman Burke, R.C.N.; three daughters, Mrs. G. L. Turner (Margaret), Munson, Alberta; Mrs. Erwin Crawford (Dorothy), Fenn, Alberta; Mrs. J. C. Macmillan (Patricia), Toronto, Ont.; and eleven grandchildren. A third son, F/O Lloyd George Burke, R.C.A.F., gave his life in Kenya, East Africa, on December 31st, 1942. Three sisters, Mrs. Margaret Buckborough, of Chicago; Mrs. Arthur Zavitz and Miss Lorena Burke, Peterboro, Ontario, and one brother, Mr. Theodore Burke, Hartford, Ontario, still survive.

Ottawa, Week by Week

[By DEAN WILSON]

Precise Prognosis is Impossible

At the present moment there is a remarkably strong trend amongst the people of Canada to attempt prognostications about the likely time when this World War II will end, accentuated in no small measure by Premier Winston Churchill's expression of hope of a possible climax in this war by next year, that is 1944. Of course, it is only a question of time before final victory will be attained by the United Nations; and there are some well-founded reasons for much optimism of the moment. But it must be stated here that there is absolutely nothing of an authoritative nature on Parliament Hill to warrant, even in the

(Continued in next column)

slightest degree, such a wave of exact or precise prognostications which are sweeping across this country, with this being stressed at this time because such attempts to predict or to foretell the exact time of the likely arrival of victory often create wrong ideas or misconceptions amongst the people in wartime, particularly if these encourage any notions about the possibilities of relaxations or diversion of effort, including any easing off in war restrictions or rations.

More Than A Mere Change

One of the most interesting occurances of this war has been the steady and rapid emersion of Canada as a more and more recognized world power amongst the nations on the international scene, and, this fact, together with much closer joint operations by Canada and the United States in this war, stand out now in this nation's capital as the real background for the history-making change in status in the representation between these two countries from Minister Plenipotentiary and Envoy Extraordinary to Ambassador. In other words, this action of raising Canada's accredited official representation in Washington and the United States representation in Ottawa to the highest possible diplomatic status, and equal to that of any other world power, infers that its lasting effects will be much more significant in normal peacetime after this war than these may appear to be during the present unusual period of wartime. Indeed, this rise of diplomatic status of Canada's representation in the United States is an extremely important milestone, and it marks a great step in the progress of the whole legal position of this country in international affairs from the time of Rt. Hon. Vincent Massey's initial appointment as Canada's first Minister to the United States, to the latest designation of the Hon. Leighton McCarthy as Canada's first Ambassador to that country, this being the creation of Canada's first embassy anywhere in the world.

Wide Powers In Wartime

The Government in Ottawa can use the right or power to take over any industry, business, project or enterprise under the War Measures' Act, if the Government desires or deems it advisable to do so in the nation's best interests for the purposes of the war. This is indicated now in this column in view of discussions what might possibly happen if war industries should be affected seriously at any time by trouble on the labor front through any walk-out, stoppage or strike, with this being emphasized at this particular time on account of the recent strikes in the aluminum industry and in coal mines in Canada, though no such drastic action was said to be under consideration by the Government.

Second To None

The anatomical physical standards demanded of the Canadian Army are second to none in the standards of the world's armies, and any accusations or claims to the contrary are wrong. The authority for this statement is none other than Brigadier J. C. Meakins, who is now deputy director general of medical services in the Canadian Army, and who was formerly the Dean of the Medical Faculty of McGill University in Montreal. He disclosed that, of course, many anatomical defects were uncovered among the manpower of this country, but at the same time the standards demanded were the highest in the world so that the number of A-1 men available for the need was large enough to be complimentary to the manhood of Canada, with the indication that there were 250 or more off jobs wherein the requirements demanded certain physical, mental and emotional qualifications.



Minutes M.D. Council of Starland, No. 277

(Continued from last week)

Moved by coun. Waters and carried, that all members of the council and the secretary be authorized to attend the Annual Municipal Convention in Calgary on Nov. 17, 18 and 19, and that the sum of $35 00 each be allowed for expenses to those attending.

Moved by coun. Waters and carried, that the linoleum in the municipal office building be sold to the Michichi Women's Association for the sum of $45 00, or one-half the price of new linoleum of a similar quality, and that one office chair be donated to said association.

Communications from: The Farmers' Creditors' Arrangement Act re Leo Wiedwald; John D. Whethan re E ½ 24-29-17-4; The Manufacturers Life Insurance Co., re mortgage No. 16878; the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, re Local Ration Board; J. E. Blore, B. G. Davidson, Robert Hagerman, A. J. Skelton, W. R Sandercock, Drumheller Women's Institute, The Alberta Association of Municipal Districts, Municipal Supplies Limited, Department of Municipal Affairs, re Coal Lease No. 5473, were read and filed.

Moved by Reeve McPheeters and carried, that the account of the Crown Lumber Co., Morrin, in the sum of $1,348.46, be paid if found correct.

The monthly financial statement, as presented by the secretary, was adopted by the council and signed by the Reeve.

The following accounts were passed for payment, on motion of Dep. Reeve Carter;—

Alberta Govt. Telephones, tolls and rentals	$ 9.09
Canadian Utilities Ltd., Rowley account	14.50
Canadian Utilities Ltd., Michichi account	13.39
Salvation Army (Miss McAuley)	25.00
Provincial Training School, re John Olson	15.00
Alberta Association of Mun. Districts, supplies	49.50
Crown Lumber Co., Delia Material	14.00
Crown Lumber Co., Morrin, material, Morrin Office	847.37
Crown Lumber Co., Drumheller material, Morrin Office	598,00
Crown Lumber Co., Drumheller material	42.80
Whitlock Lumber Co., material	18.92
Louis Gogol, repairs	24.65
Union Tractor & Harvester Co., repairs	1004.67
M. H. Ballf, repairs	5.00
J. D. Adams Ltd., repairs	31.05
L. Morton, repairs	1.70
U.F.A. Central Co-op Drumheller, repairs	28.35
F. Delermoz, repairs	259.55
Imperial Oil Ltd., fuel and gas	273.36
C. R. Moritz, repairs and express	5.28
C. R. Moritz, repairs and express	22.15
C.N.R., express	1.05
S. R. Hooper, mileage	12.50
Dan Rosenthal, cartage	33.00
W. Greene, labor	843.37
C. W. Vanderford, labor, general	29.10
T. J. Martin, labor Div. 1 & 5	30.10
P. P. Tiessen, labor Div. 3	3.30
O. J. Olsen, labor Div. 3	33.40
Joe Caschnitz, labor Div. 3	40.00
G. A. Pagley, labor Div. 4	30.00
R. E. Matheson, labor Div. 4	34.64
D. J. McNoughton, labor Div. 4	14.80
Harry Silverstein, labor Div. 4.	4.40
A. R. Tolman, labor Div. 4	15.00
Bob Richmond, labor Div. 4	12.00
John Stein labor Div. 4	12.00
Edward Tolman, labor Div. 4	12.00
Harry Imler, labor Div. 5	6.33
A. Simpson, labor Div. 5	5.23
J. Consins, labor Div. 5	10.60
Martin Mennis, labor Div. 5	17.23
Road Sheet—Div. 1	301.55
,, ,, Div. 2	209.25
,, ,, Div. 2	166.91
,, ,, Div. 2, Gov. Grant	483.00
,, ,, Government Grant (Gravel)	108.75
,, ,, General	48.37
,, ,, Repairs	38.93

Meeting adjourned on motion of Councillor Rowe.

Mount Royal College, Calgary

Seeks Names of Former Students Now Serving In His Majesty's Forces

A committee is seeking the names and addresses of all former students of Mount Royal College, Calgary, who are serving in the present war. An honor roll is being prepared, and the committee is most anxious that no names may be overlooked. Will students, parents and friends please mail the names and present addresses of former students with His Majesty's Forces to Mr. Leonard Leacock, Mount Royal College, Calgary, Alberta.

Sgt. A. C. Thompson



Sgt. A. C. Thompson, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Thompson of Craigmyle, Alberta, who received his "wings" upon graduating at No. 3 S.F.T.S., Calgary. His brother, W. W. Thompson, is a member of the R.C.M.P.

U. F. W. A.

The regular meeting of the Delia U.F.W.A. was held on Thursday, with the vice-president, Mrs. E. B. Reid, presiding.

Roll call was replied to by "Books for Winter Reading."

A hearty vote of thanks was given the Committee who were in charge of recent improvements made in the Rest Room.

"Homemakers Problems in Wartime," was selected as the Home Economics correspondence course to be taken during the winter months.

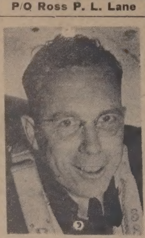
Mrs. V. Bares gave a report as to the work being done by the local Red Cross Workers.

Slate of officers for 1944 are as follows:—

President—Mrs. W. L. Carter.
Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Robt. Stoness.
Sec.-Treas.—Mrs. Henry Moore.

Meeting adjourned for a half-hour social period while the hostesses, Mrs. C. Greer and Mrs. H. Moore, served tea.

P/O Ross P. L. Lane



P/O Ross P. L. Lane, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Lane, formerly of Delia, who graduated at No. 2 A.O.S. Station, Edmonton, as a navigator, and received his commission of pilot officer. Word has been received he has arrived safely overseas.

"Time Bombs"

Everyone's talking "post-war,"
But if they just talk and no more,
The new world we get
Will be, you can bet,
No different than ever before.

• • •

The war of arms will decide what nations are to shape our future. The war of ideas will decide what thinking in the nation is to give the future shape.

• • •

Will the future of Canada be decided without our knowing it? Or do we know what we want and want it enough to stand out and fight for it?

• • •

"My principles aren't so high," said a school boy, "that I can't live up to them."

• • •

It's only the people who can't get on who tell each other where to get off.

• • •

You can't be all wrong on any one thing and do anything else all right.

• • •

Unselfish people may get down to nothing in their funds. But that never seems to get them down.

Government of the Province of Alberta
Department of Agriculture

Forage Crops Seed Distribution Policy

To encourage a wider use of forage crops and to insure a supply of seed for local requirements the Alberta Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with a number of Local Agents, have arranged to make

Grass and Legume Seeds Available To Farmers at Cost

See Local Agents, Municipal Officers or your District Agriculturist for details.

SUPPLIES ARE LIMITED

Only farmers who place their orders at an early date can be assured that seed will be available.

Hon. D. B. MacMILLAN, Minister — A. M. WILSON, Field Crops Commissioner

Local Agents co-operating in this policy include: T. B. HANDS, Delia; J. F. CARMICHAEL, District Agriculturist, Drumheller.

WHICH VARIETY TO SOW

Which variety of different crops shall I grow, many farmers are asking.

All standard varieties were growing side by side at "Crop Testing Plan" Elevator Plots this last summer.

See the nearest Searle Agent for advice on how the different varieties behaved.

Searle Grain Company, Ltd.
(21)

GIVE
War Savings Certificates
for Gifts

What could be more practical . . . more appreciated than WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES for Christmas gifts?

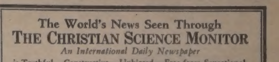
Give them to every member of your family this year.

Space donated by the
BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

Test Your Seed Grain!

Pioneer Elevators have available modern seed grain germinating testing machines. Any farmer wishing to have his seed grain tested for germination may obtain tests free of charge through any Pioneer Elevator.

Consult our agent in your district regarding any of your agricultural problems.



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SAMPLE COPY ON REQUEST

You can't fire people's minds until you warm their hearts.

• • •

If you know what you're aiming at you're more likely to hit it.

• • •

Times change more easily than people do. That's why many people like to think that the times are out of joint.

It's cutting corners that dulls our edge.

• • •

After a bad break do you go to pieces or pick up the pieces?

• • •

People somehow feel that, if you believe in the right, everything will come out all right. The truth is that you've got to DO right before anything right can happen at all.

The Importance Of Research

"SECRET WEAPONS" have attracted attention from time to time as they have figured either as threatened or real obstacles to the progress of the war. When one has been produced by the enemy, we have taken immediate action to discover means of destroying its effectiveness, and in this part of the war, the work of scientists and engineers has been important, but has necessarily received very little publicity. In the same manner, the secret weapons discovered here bring no fame at the present time, to those who have worked to perfect them. It is generally realized, however, that scientific research is playing an important part in the winning of the war, and in plans for post-war reconstruction. This war is being fought for the preservation of the four freedoms, as set down by Prime Minister Churchill and President Roosevelt in the Atlantic Charter, but we are told that scientists are carrying on a fight for many thousands of freedoms, all of which are connected with the security and well-being of mankind.

* * * * *

New Ways Of Saving Life

War is necessarily associated in our thoughts with death and destruction, but while hostilities are going on, scientists are continually seeking means of preserving life, of finding new uses for old materials, and of creating new and useful substances. We are told that the efforts made at this time to find ways of fighting disease and of saving human life, will result in benefits which will greatly outweigh the terrific losses which the war entails. Because of the widespread nature of the present conflict, and the great numbers of lives which are involved, medical science has been mobilized as never before to combat suffering and disease. Many new and wonderful developments have taken place in this field, which are of great benefit now and will be of lasting value in the realm of medicine. Related to this is the intensive study of nutrition which has been undertaken at this time. The results of this work, done primarily to increase human efficiency in time of war, will likewise give us much new and useful knowledge which will be of no less value when peace is restored.

* * * * *

Many Uses For Farm Products

Much has been written of the many new materials which are now used entirely for fighting equipment, but which will be available to the civilian population after the war. This is true also of new and important mechanical developments. In the search for new materials, farm products are playing an important part and it is said that in the future there is likely to be an unprecedented demand for them in industry. Much research has already been done in this field and uses have been found for the processed form of many farm products. This is a subject of interest to the people of Western Canada, where a widespread demand for agricultural products for industrial purposes could open up many possibilities. Considerable research has been done in this connection and it is frequently urged that this be encouraged and expanded. Scientific research has in the past been responsible for great improvements in living conditions, and it is possible that it may be instrumental in opening up a new era of prosperity in this part of Canada.



Paratroopers Have Their Scooters



Included in the equipment of Paratroopers are folding motor scooters dropped with them in parachute containers. These handy little vehicles are collapsible and can easily be lifted by one man. They have a speed of about 45 miles per hour and can be ridden over rough terrain. Upper photo shows the scooters ready to be mounted. In lower picture a paratrooper is lifting a folding scooter from its parachute container.

Our Boys And Girls On Active Service

(By J. G.)

ARE you wondering what to get for your daughter (or best girl) in the Wrens? Well, Wren F. Elliott at H.Q. in Ottawa gives us a hint and it's passed on to you. There are 4,000 of them in the service now, and any one would be thrilled to get a white broadcloth shirt in her own size; with stiff, detachable collars, if you can find them, points turned down. Off duty she is allowed to wear sheer, black stockings—as for nylons, wowie! A black tie, black leather walking out gloves, plain, will be welcomed. If you get lingerie, keep it tailored for easy laundering; black, half length slip; bedroom slippers, pyjamas. They like gifts of toiletries, also, being most feminine, even if in the navy. Or an identification bracelet, leather writing kits, pen and pencil sets. That makes just a few suggestions. Hope it helps. Oh, oh, I forgot. If you can get one, a little clock is invaluable in a cabin, if she wants to get up in time for breakfast.

* * *

Rack up a point for the Auxiliary services which looks after morale-boosting diversions in the army. Our boys in the Mediterranean area are getting entertainment between battles. For instance one supervisor rounds up an Italian orchestra each night for the payment of one pound cash; eight tins of bully beef, one tin of biscuits and ten cigarettes. Old boots are as good as gold for this purpose, too.

* * *

A list of articles worth their weight in gold to servicemen overseas has been provided for us, and we pass it along too. Money orders, payable in pound sterling, heads the list, followed by cigarettes, tobacco and cigarette papers, razor blades, sharpeners, combs, small scissors, chewing gum, hard candy, soap, shaving cream, toothbrushes, can openers, writing paper, envelopes and reading material.

* * *

A western ship has a breezy commander. Lieut. Commander Henry K. "Hank" Hull of Toronto and Kingston, is one man who believes in applying business principles to the Battle of the Atlantic. The first rating on board his ship, H.M.C.S. "Calgary", to spot an enemy submarine gets a flat bonus of $100.

* * *

Here's a story you possibly haven't heard about Major General G. R. Pearkes, V.C., C.B., D.S.O., M.C., commanding the Pacific Command now. He came home from the last war with five wound stripes. One of these, however, came from a baseball game. Funny? No. Playing with a team of officers, they had an old shell as home plate, and players used to tap it with their bats. It had been tapped many times before, but this time when struck, it exploded, killing two officers and wounding General Pearkes.

* * *

Chief Constable of Medicine Hat, Alta., for more than 20 years, and known to many throughout the province, James M. Taylor, with the Veterans' Guard of Canada, has been promoted to rank of colonel, and given command of an internment camp in Alberta.

* * *

A recent list of Saskatchewan girls who enlisted in the Canadian Women's Army Corps in time for Christmas, included: Eva M. Tessier, Redvers; Fred M. Anderson, Punnichy; Ann H. Wirtzfeld, Humboldt; Beatrice Deutsch, Humboldt; Norma Hoal, Moose Jaw; Jessie M. Kennerley, Palmer; Ella Breker, Big River; Christina M. Turner, Bladworth; Christine Moore, Saskatoon; Marvel M. Glazier, Love; Florence Tanner, Holbein; Norma Morken, Sturgis; Helen Hippner, Laird; Annabell Cameron, Neidpath; Josephine Ceglars, Denzils.

Here's Quick Relief from

SINUS PAIN

3-Purpose Medicine Helps Clear Out Congested Sinus Areas

ONE best way to get relief from torturing sinus pain is to clear congestion from nasal passages and give sinuses a chance to drain. A few drops of Vicks Va-tro-nol in each nostril is usually enough to bring this comforting relief.

3-PURPOSE MEDICINE. Va-tro-nol is so successful because it does three important things: (1) shrinks swollen membranes of the nose; (2) helps clear out pain-causing congestion and (3) soothes irritation. Many sinus sufferers say it's best relief they've found. Try it!

VICKS VA-TRO-NOL

Glycerine Substitute

Scientists Believe They Have Found It In Apple Syrup

Bombs for Berlin may soon be made out of left-over apples, scientists report. Allied scientists have experimented with apples to make bombs for some time and said they believed they have found an excellent glycerine substitute in apple syrup. If the experiments prove as successful as scientists hope, it will be a means of using the millions of bushels of apples that fail to reach markets each year. Further experiments revealed that apple syrup also had possibilities in bakery products, cosmetics, and as a syrup base for drugs.

Discovers Home Skin Remedy

This clean stainless antiseptic known all over Canada as Moone's Emerald Oil, is such a fine healing agent that Eczema, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Itching Toes and Feet, and other inflammatory skin eruptions are often relieved in a few days.

Moone's Emerald Oil is pleasant to use and it is so antiseptic and penetrating that many old stubborn cases of long standing have yielded to its influence.

Moone's Emerald Oil is sold by good drugstores everywhere to help rid you of stubborn pimples and unsightly skin troubles—satisfaction or money back.

Earning Power On Farm

Must Find Solution For A Prosperous Rural Existence

The agricultural problem is so vital, so tremendous, that the consumers and the industrialists of Canada must appreciate the farmers' true position and intelligently assist through Governments and in every way to find the permanent solution to a prosperous rural existence. It is true that leading business men realize that the producers of Canada's foodstuffs are paying income taxes in small numbers, not of their own choice but for the simple reason that the earning power in labour income on the average farm, even with the free labour of wife and children thrown in, is little more than that which industry and Governments pay to a Grade 1 stenographer.—Dr. E. S. Archibald, Director, Dominion Experimental Farms Service.

FAIR ENOUGH

After their first tiff, the young husband said sadly:

"Have you forgotten that you promised to 'obey' when we were married?"

"No," retorted his wife, with a gleam in her eyes; "but there's time enough for that when I see some of the worldy goods with which you promised to endow me."

Although E is the most frequently used letter in the alphabet, more words start with S than any other.

Use BURGESS BATTERIES for RADIO FLASHLIGHT OR IGNITION PURPOSES

BURGESS BATTERIES

New Nazi Decree

Permits The Death Penalty For Young Children

The Swedish newspaper Afton Tidningen said it had learned that a new German decree permits the death penalty for children as young as 12 years.

A law of 1939 stipulated that only youths more than 16 could be executed by court order but the new decree, the newspaper said, declared children are maturing faster.

GEMS OF THOUGHT

"LEND A HAND!"

Give what you have. To some one it may be better than you dare to think.—Longfellow.

They who scatter with one hand, gather with two, not always in coin, but in kind. Nothing multiplies so much as kindness.—John Wray.

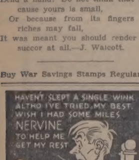
There is no self-expenditure without self-enrichment; no self-enrichment without self-expenditure.—Dean Inge.

Goodness and benevolence never tire. They maintain themselves and others and never stop from exhaustion.—Mary Baker Eddy.

Everywhere you endeavor to be useful, everywhere you will be at home.—Goethe.

Lend a hand! Do not think that because yours is small,
Or because from its fingers no riches may fall,
It was meant you should render no succor at all.—J. Walcott.

Buy War Savings Stamps Regularly.



Do your worries often keep you awake at night? And does this restlessness make you feel "all in" the next day? Noise, anxiety, overdoing things or working under pressure can affect the nerves . . . may make you sleepless, cranky, restless . . . cause nervous headache or nervous fears.

Dr. Miles Nervine helps relieve nervous tension because it is a mild sedative. Take it according to directions to help calm your nerves and to improve your sleep. Effervescing Nervine Tablets are 35c and 75c. Nervine Liquid is 25c and $1.00.

DR. MILES NERVINE

Demand For Food

Requirements Will Continue To Tax Available Supplies

A continuation of strong demand for agricultural products, particularly food, seems assured through 1944, states the Current Review of Agricultural conditions in Canada. As fresh territory is occupied by forces of the Allied Nations, the demand seems likely to increase. Requirements for meat and dairy and poultry products will continue to tax available supplies, while the large surplus of cereal grains which has persisted to date begins to look less formidable, in view of probable post-war needs and the present rate of disappearance to live stock. Over-all agricultural output has apparently reached peak levels under existing supplies of manpower, machinery, fertilizers and other essential requirements, assuming normal weather conditions.

SMILE AWHILE

"Father," said little Frank as he turned the pages of his history book, "how did the cliff dwellers keep warm in the winter time?"

"Why, I guess they used the mountain ranges. Now don't ask any more foolish questions."

* * * *

After a very thorough examination, the army doctor eyed the tall and very thin recruit in silence.

"Well, doctor," said the recruit at last, "how do I stand?"

"Goodness knows," replied the M.O. "Its a miracle!"

* * * *

"Do you mean to say your husband beat you when you arrived home after midnight?"

Yes—but only by 20 minutes!"

* * * *

Wife (reading from paper)—Here's an old hen they've found with two hearts.

Husband—Yeah! Well, I played bridge with her the other night.

* * * *

Young Bill—Look at your old worn boots, and your father a shoemaker. You ought to be ashamed of them.

Young Phil — That's nothing. Your baby brother's got only one tooth and your father's a dentist.

* * * *

"Why do you call this an enthusiastic stew?"

"The cook put everything he had into it."

* * * *

Barber—Will you have something on your face after I finish shaving you?

Customer—I doubt it.

* * * *

Fair Customer—Has this car all the modern improvements?

Salesman — Everything, madam, but a beautiful owner.

* * * *

If you do not believe in providence, watch the average lady driver and try to figure out what else saves her.

* * * *

"Dunno what to give to my wife for her birthday."

"Ask her."

"Great Scott, I can't afford that!"

Tuberculosis is the first cause of death of people between the ages of 15 and 45—the most productive years of life for the individual and the nation. Buy your Christmas Seals today.

Buy War Savings Stamps Regularly.

Famous Show

New Book Published Dealing With Chicago Livestock Exposition

Farmers in Canada, particularly those who specialize in the raising of live stock, will doubtless be interested to know that Alvin H. Sanders has just published a book on the famous International Live Stock Exposition, which since 1900 has been held at Chicago. The book carries the title "The Story of the International" and in its 360 pages outlines 40 years of progress in breeding, feeding and marketing of improved live stock, with anecdotes of many of the dominant personalities associated with the Exposition until 1941, when it was temporarily suspended on account of the war. There is much of interest to Canadians in the book, for men from the Dominion have been winners of many of the most coveted awards.

The book has been privately printed by the International Live Stock Exposition Association, and is available on order to the Exposition offices at the Chicago Stock Yards, at a nominal price.

SURPRISED OFFICIALS

Bob Rollins, an 18-year-old youth of Miniota, Man., surprised recruiting officials at the Fort Osborne barracks reception depot in Winnipeg when applying for enlistment in the army. Bob, six foot, 10-inches tall and tipping the scales at 216 pounds, was so tall he had to bend his knees when taking his X-ray test.

LACTIS-ORA FOR HEALTHFUL GUMS — INSURES A CLEAN MOUTH!

LACTIS-ORA is not new, nor is it a mouth wash. DENTISTS have used it for 15 years for bleeding, sore inflamed gums, trench mouth, Pyorrhea, halitosis (bad breath) and all infections of the gums.

Approved Proprietary Medicine Act.

SEND $1.00 POSTPAID — RENAUD LABORATORIES, CALGARY, ALBERTA

Many New Inventions

Include Wooden Instead Of Metal Springs For Furniture

Don't be surprised, folks, if you walk into a furniture store one of these days and the salesman offers to show you Chesterfield sets and easy chairs that have wooden instead of metal spring structures.

And don't think your grocer or druggist is joking if he offers to sell you your favorite fruits and vegetables in tablet form.

Patents for the invention of both the tablets and the wooden springs have been issued by the Dominion government, it was revealed in the report of the commissioner of patents for the year ending last March 31. The report did not give the details of the invention or identify the inventors, but it did say that 7,686 patents were issued during the year, 660 less than in 1942.

There was considerable development in television and electron microscopes.

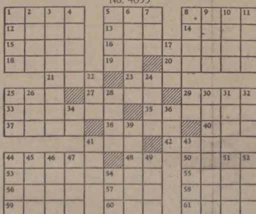
A TRUE SYMBOL

The question of whether to straighten the sword in the hand of Richard the Lion-Hearted, in the equestrian statue in the Palace Yard of Westminster, bent by a bomb fragment during the blitz, has brought the understandable suggestion that a sword, bent but not broken, is truly symbolic of what Great Britain went through in her darkest days of the war and should be left as it is.

The Hindus, not the Arabs, are said to be the authors of the Arabic system of arithmetical notation.

x—x OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE x—x

No. 4855



HORIZONTAL

1 Passage
5 To drink
8 Heavenly body
12 Ugrian tribesman
13 Anger
14 Italian river
15 Nothing more than
16 Of a combative tendency
18 South American armadillo
19 Since
20 Leaf of a calyx
21 European fish
23 Shade tree
25 Chinese pagoda
27 Japanese aborigine
29 Palm genus
33 Imperative
35 Contended
37 To look
38 Girl's name
40 Burmese demon
41 Silkworm
42 Dervish's cap
44 Growing out
48 Symbol for sodium
50 To strike with the head
53 Respectful
55 Solo
56 Sea in Russian Turkestan
57 Biblical name
58 To appear
59 Law: delay
60 Pigpen
61 Gaelic

VERTICAL

1 Moist
2 Part of eye
3 Bearing
4 To step
5 Peruvian capital
6 Ascended
7 Swordsman's dummy stake
8 To satisfy
9 Snare
10 Girl's name
11 Oriental weight
17 Doctrine
22 To bring forth
24 Waste
25 Male sheep
26 Part of "to be"
28 Roman highway
29 Land measure
30 Magician
31 Character in "Uncle Tom's Cabin"
32 To soak
34 Teutonic deity
36 To make lace
39 Singing bird
41 Poetic: always
43 To cast down
44 Dutch cheese
45 Roman emperor
46 A great distance
47 Weblike membrane
49 Naut: kept with its bow toward the sea
51 Equals
52 Docile
54 Being

Answer to No. 4854

VIAL SPOT FIG
INCA HERO IDE
AT PORT WIN
RE FEAT SIDE
HULL DROP SER
OSIER DRIB TO
RIATAS TEASED
NO STAG SNARE
ENS EROS ELMS
TSAR DOTE TI
LIP BORE NA
AGO ITER AVER
DON PORE REDE

More Difficult Job

Running An Army Hotel In Italy Far From Easy

Capt. Forbes Thrasher, former manager of the Lord Nelson Hotel, Halifax, and assistant manager of the Royal York Hotel, Toronto, is doing the same work in the Army, managing a 32-room leave hotel for officers in "Canada Town" and finding it a lot more difficult than looking after 200 or 1,200 room palaces with great staffs.

The hotel the officer is running with the help of Sgt.-Major R. M. Clarke, who used to be in the restaurant business in Vulcan, Alta., and a staff of 18 Italians, has had its name changed ffrom tongue-twisting Grande Albergo Del Grece to the simpler and more familiar Royal York. It's doing more business than it ever did under the old regime and is giving Thrasher a few more grey hairs.

He has been having trouble in the kitchen, trying to acquaint the staff with the eating customs of Canadians. The Italians don't go in much for breakfast, generally being satisfied with a cup of coffee, grapes and a roll at a corner cafe late in the forenoon.

"The chef cannot understand our breakfast at all," he said. "Oatmeal is a mystery to him and the size of our breakfast amazes him. The tea habit is beyond his comprehension. However, he is a resourceful fellow and things are beginning to work out satisfactorily"

The kitchens have produced some tasty meals. Thrasher has scouts all around the country buying turkeys, pork, eggs, fresh vegetables and fruit. Good wines are available.

The officers have music with their meals. There is a six-piece symphony orchestra with a baritone and soprano. The music continues after dinner in the evenings and hotel guests can entertain friends of both sexes in a pleasant atmosphere. "The fellows have a good, hearty party," said Thrasher.

An officer's stay in the hotel is limited to 48 hours so everybody will get a chance. Each room costs two shillings, and meals sixpence for breakfast, one shilling and sixpence for lunch and two shillings for dinner.

The beds are comfortable and clean and that's what counts after a long spell at the front lines.

Courage Recognized

Chinese Steward Receives British Empire Medal From The King

A small, dark-haired Chinese stepped on the dais at the recent Buckingham Palace investiture and the King pinned the British Empire Medal on his coat—Britain's recognition of the courage of Poon Lim, 25-year-old second steward, who survived 133 days on a raft in the Atlantic after his ship was torpedoed. Lim, who speaks little English, gave a monosylable account of his ordeal to the King, who leaned forward to catch his words. Lim appeared entirely recovered.

ENTERTAIN GUN CREWS

Two British light anti-aircraft gun crews, veterans of the "Battle of Britain," on the watch by Calcutta's great Hooghly River have each been "adopted" by a Bengali family. They visit the homes of these families during their free time, and have been delightfully entertaind by them—at picnics, cinema parties, and excursions through the countryside.

Seaweed was used by the Germans in World War 1 to seal grenades.

2544

Telephone Of Future

Seen By Industrial Designer As A Miracle Of Efficiency

The Minneapolis Star Journal says, Donald Deskey, industrial designer, has sketched a few of his impressions of the telephone of the future. He thinks it will be made of plastic because of plastic's durability, lightness, and good looking, lustrous finish. The telpehone would have no receiver-transmitter, but a microphone, which would leave you free to use both hands for making notes while speaking or listening. If privacy is desired, the design provides for an earphone.

Instead of a bulky telephone directory, numbers would be listed on micro-film rolled on a device which enables the user to whirl through the directory at variable speeds, arriving at the B or M or Q section by a push button. The micro-film would pass under a magnifying lens and appear in an illuminated frame in the base of the telephone.

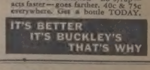
The new telephone would take your calls while you were out. A trip-signal device to indicate messages received during your absence would be incorporated in a remote terminal cabinet. This trip-signal would work in connection with the recording tape.

The telephone also would serve as an inter-office or home communications system, using the same principle private systems now employed. You'll even carry the telephone of the future into the next room—it will have no wire to trip you.

NEVER GIVES UP

Armchair strategists have predicted that the war will last anywhere from three months to nine years before the Axis folds up. Interesting predictions might be offered, also, as to when the armchair strategists will fold up, says the Christian Science Monitor.

The breeding of suitable oil-seed types of sunflowers has been carried out in Canada largely by the Dominion Experimental Farms Service.

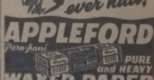


Gloat over COUGHS & COLDS that delay the day of reckoning

FOOL THEM WITH BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE

Coughs and colds are all-out allies of the Axis, postponing the day of Victory by cutting down our production of tanks, guns, planes. Don't let them sabotage your war effort. At the first sign of a cough or cold, take Buckley's Mixture and stay on the job. This grand prescription routs coughs and colds F-A-S-T, keeps you FIT TO DO YOUR BIT. The new improved Buckley formula is all medication—no syrup—acts faster—goes farther. 40c & 75c everywhere. Get a bottle TODAY.

IT'S BETTER IT'S BUCKLEY'S THAT'S WHY



APPLEFORD Para-Sani PURE and HEAVY WAXED PAPER

NEXT TO FOOD—IT'S BEST!

APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LIMITED
HAMILTON TORONTO MONTREAL

LETTER FROM BRITAIN

Rewards That Will Brighten Christmastide For Britains War Workers —More Varied Diet Returning.

(By Sidney Horniblow)

Apart from the favourable reactions to the success of the Moscow Conference, several recent items of news have had cheering effects upon Britain's Home Front.

As Germany faces the grimmest winter in her history, Lord Woolton, Britain's Food Minister, is able, by contrast, to hold out encouraging prospects for the United Kingdom's Christmastide. He promises that there will be available three-quarters of a million turkeys, 13,000 tons of Canadian apples (that will be the first time Britain has tasted Canadian apples for two years) and probably most precious delicacy of all, innumerable cases of oranges.

Please don't imagine from this that Britain's people are wholly and solely concerned with what they shall eat, but Lord Woolton, good psychologist that he is, realizes there can be few better tonics for a hard-working nation in its fifth year of war than a few well-earned luxuries for the Christmas dinner table. He has always said that as soon as conditions in general and the shipping position in particular enabled him to do so, he would give the people more variety in their food.

Turkeys, apples and oranges are small items in themselves, but they are straws which show the way the wind of war is blowing.

Income Tax Reforms

There has been satisfaction at the announcement by Sir John Anderson, Chancellor of the Exchequer, that the new "pay-as-you-go" Income Tax system is to embrace all wage and salary earners throughout the country. Beginning next April employees will pay each week the Income Tax which is due from that particular week's salary. This puts an end to the well-tried but nevertheless cumbersome system under which taxpayers have in the past paid tax in one year for the money they have earned in the previous year.

Town And Country Planning

Another recent piece of news, which invites the people to look with confidence to the life they will enjoy in post-war Britain, is the announcement that the Ministry of Town and Country Planning has issued a circular to local authorities, giving them guidance and advice to cover every phase of re-building which they may have under consideration.

This advice is based on the experience of the years between the wars. All the errors which here and there became evident in that period—long ribbons of houses stretched out tenuously on each side of an arterial road, shoddy, unseemly and unsuitable buildings—all these are condemned in the memorandum which Mr. W. S. Morrison, Minister of Town and Country Planning, has prepared.

The Minister attaches great importance to the control of the external appearance of buildings. Their architecture, he says, if it is to be successful, must be simple and appropriate. The new buildings should be fitted happily into the landscape. Britain is determined that stretches of her country which have great natural beauty shall not be unnecessary spoiled by uncontrolled building.

As for the housing estates themselves, the Minister declares that the object in developing these should be to preserve and promote health, convenience and amenity. Shops should be in compact groups, and should not be permitted to straggle along main roads used by through traffic. Industries which are dirty, noisy or otherwise objectionable should be so sited that the prevailing wind carries their smoke, fumes and dust away from residential areas.

Airmen Raise Own Crops

In a Fighter Command Station of the Royal Air Force in Southern England, airmen and air-women using their own horse and plough and other farm implements have this year raised crops worth £1,300 to feed the personnel stationed on their airfield.

One of these airmen farmers, Corporal Mills, was a butcher in Dundee before he joined the R.A.F. He has become an expert ploughman in his spare time. The airmen on this station started growing vegetables on one acre. Now they have 25 acres under cultivation. Members of the Women's Auxiliary Air Force have taken their share of the work. In the first nine months of this year, these Air Force gardeners have produced 23 tons of cabbages, 15 tons of carrots, 120 tons of potatoes and many tons of peas, beans, turnips and onions. As a result of their labours it has been possible to allocate £1,000 towards the cost of installing a talking film apparatus in the station.

In Special Branch

Colored Maid Knew Where Son Was In The Army

A woman we know has a colored maid and between them there is a bond, since both have sons in the army.

"What branch of the service is your son in, Emma?" asked the employer.

Emma seemed a trifle vague. "Whut you mean branch, ma'am?"

Her mistress explained: "Is he in the infantry, the artillery, the engineers, the cavalry or what?"

Emma brightened. "No, ma'am, Sidney ain't in nothin' like that. He's in the corporals."

Successful Campaign

248,000 Enemy Prisoners Captured In Tunisia

At least 248,000 enemy prisoners, including 26 generals, were captured in Tunisia between May 5th and May 13th, 1943. This constitutes one of the greatest defeats inflicted upon the German army. 2,550 tanks, 6,200 guns and 70,000 lorries (trucks) were captured or destroyed by the Allied troops in all the African campaigns.

Three thousand ships were engaged in the Anglo-American attack on Sicily—the greatest amphibious operation of all time. In the initial assault 160,000 men, 14,000 vehicles, 600 tanks and 1,800 guns were transported.

Manual training as a school subject originated in Finland in 1858.

The Great Unknown

Censors Generally Disliked But They Do Have A Heart

Nobody loves a censor—outside the censor's family, that is, and those who know him. That's the very trouble. We don't know who he is or where he is, despite the fact of his undecipherable name on the envelope and his impersonal number, and we can't run over to his office, or pick up the telephone, or even write him a letter and tell him what we think about his having cut out all the place names and detailed descriptions in Jimmy's letter which resulted in eliminating, on the other side of the sheet, half the message to Aunt Martha about what happened to her fruitcake last Christmas, or what he had to sleep on the night before, or what occurred at the end of that wild jeep ride.

But now and then a censor does things which prove that he is kin to all the rest of us. Sometimes he pencils an explantory note. Sometimes he takes the trouble to write out the inadvertently censored material on the other side. And then at times he plays Santa Claus—as when he slipped $2 to an Indian soldier's daughter, to be divided with her four sisters and brothers who are in a public home while their mother is in a hospital.

Yes, censors may cut the heart out of a letter—but still they have hearts of their own. — Christian Science Monitor.

Need Special Diet

Improper Feeding Will Slow Down Speed Of Army Pigeons

It is an old axiom, and a true one, says the St. Thomas Times-Journal, that an army marches on its stomach. That is to say that the soldiers depend on the kind of food they receive as well as the sufficiency of it. The same principle applies to the pigeons which are so important in military equipment.

Experiments have been carried out by experts in the agricultural department of Rutgers University which show that army pigeons fed a standard racing pigeon diet are greatly superior to those fed the ordinary squab diet. The squab diet consists of a mixture of Alaska green peas, whole corn, hard wheat, cracked corn and Kaffir corn. The racing diet is Argentine corn, red wheat, Canada field peas, Kaffir corn, maple peas, hemp seed, millet, rice, buckwheat, hulled oats and vetch. The maple peas are the highest in protein of any grain that can be fed to pigeons.

The experiment showed that of 76 pigeons that were fed on the different diets in six test flights, four-fifths of the special-diet pigeons came home, but only one-third of the birds fed the squabbing ration. Of the latter that returned, their speed was the same as the racers, so that the virtue of the special diet appears to be that it gives more stamina. Just like the soldiers.

May Need Wheat

Sicily And Italy Will Prove Outlet For Grain

The present situation in Sicily and Southern Italy carries with it considerable interest to North American agriculture. Durum wheat for macaroni or bread is the principal variety of wheat grown in Sicily and about one-third of the agricultural area of the island is used for wheat production. The pre-war acreage was close to 2,000,000 acres and produced around 32,000,000 bushels. However, neither Sicily nor southern Italy normally produce sufficient wheat to meet local demands, and, with the most of the 1943 crop probably lost through the war, there should be an outlet for North American wheat.

In the island of Crete, while grain is produced, heavy imports are required, because agriculture is confined largely to scattered plains and only about one-third of the total area of the island is suitable for agricultural undertakings. The principal crops are olives, grapes, and other citrus fruits.

Give yourself, your family, your friends, your country, a gift this year—the gift of better health. This is the gift you give when you use Christmas Seals, the seals that fight tuberculosis.

Since Bismarck's accession to power in 1862, Germany has fought six wars of aggression.

Many Killed In Bombed London Dance Hall



Wreckage of a dance hall which was the recipient of a direct hit during a German raid over London, England, on Saturday night, November 6th. Many couples including Canadians were dancing at the time of the bombing. Many were killed or injured.

Due To War Conditions

Bibles Being Printed In Canada For First Time In History

For the first time in histroy Bibles are being printed in Canada. The United Church Publishing House at Toronto has a contract for 30,000 copies of the Scripture.

Copyright for the Bibles is held in Great Britain by the Crown. The King accepts a Bible during the Coronation service. Part of that acceptance is symbolic of the copyright in his person. The right to publication in Britain is held by the King's Printer, Eyre and Spottiswoode. Rights have been granted to the two great publishing houses, Oxford and Cambridge. The right was also extended to the Collins Publishing House in Scotland.

War conditions have made it impossible to print Bibles in Britain. So, the Oxford Press has contracted with the United Church Publishing House at Toronto for 30,000 Bibles. The plates have been imported. Each Bible has 1,300 pages. The first pages have been run off.—W. L. Clark, in Windsor Star.

A FAMOUS DIAMOND

The Liberator Diamond, purchased by Harry Winston of New York for $200,000, bears the name of Bolivar, "The Liberator", nineteenth century liberator of Venezuela. The diamond is the size of a small egg and although it was purchased for almost a quarter of a million dollars, it required only forty cents to ship it to New York by airmail.

Gibraltar is a British crown colony, less than two miles in area with a normal population of about 22,000.

Still Need Infantry

Foot Soldier Doing An Important Job In This War

There seems to exist some danger of the infantry soldier becoming the forgotten man in this war. . . .

The foot soldier is doing a job equally as important to any other. He is the man who eats dust under a blazing sun, or slogs through mud and rain mile after mile. He is the man who hacks his way through fever-ridden jungles, or trudges across frozen plains.

Long ago a phrase was coined to describe the infantry. A famous general once termed it the "Queen of battles"; the term is still used and, although a bit flowery, it is still a true description. It should be remembered that victory will not be completely won until Allied soldiers march into and through the aggressor countries. And most of these soldiers will be infantry.—Kingston Whig-Standard.

Arctic Gardens

3,000 Acres Under Cultivation In The Mackenzie Basin

The widespread influence of the Dominion Experimental Farms is exemplified by its work in the Arctic Regions. Although the total acreage of the Mackenzie basin under farm and garden cultivation is only between 2,000 and 3,000 acres scattered along the river from Fort Smith to Aklavik and confined mainly to gardens, they have been materially assisted by the small sub-stations conducted by the Experimental Farms Service for the past 20 years, mostly at mission stations.

For Good Meal

Repatriates On Gripsholm Join Missionary In Song Of Thankfulness

"The buzz of conversation among the passengers halted as waiters went by and all eyes turned to the heaping trays of roast turkey, chicken, garnished vegetables and other delicacies. There were exclamations and spasmodic cheers. A crowd of refugees gathered around a heavily-laden table and stood gazing a long time in respectful admiration.

"Then a missionary in the group began singing 'Praise God from whom all blessings flow' and those who joined lustily in the singing were not all missionaries."

That is the description given by one of the repatriates from Japanese prison camps in an account of the first meal served to internees aboard the S.S. Gripsholm.

Loved By His Men

Commander Of 8th Army Takes Good Care Of Troops

General Sir Bernard Montgomery, commander of the 8th Army, with which our own Canadian troops are fighting so brilliantly, is loved by his men, of whom he takes the best possible care that can be taken of men in battle. One reason for this is perhaps, that most of the men under him are young, some of them not much more than boys, and General Montgomery has a young son of his own, David, whose mother is dead, attends Amesbury School at Hindhead and now that his famous father is busy in Italy he spends his holidays with Major and Mrs. T. Reynolds at Amesbury.

Peace Settlement

Lord Vansittart's Book, "Lessons Of My Life"

If there is to be an international force for the maintenance of peace neither the gangsters, Germany, Japan, Italy, nor their molls, Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria, Finland, can have any part in it. Human nature and common sense thus greatly simplify the project. The contributors to an international peace force must anyhow be strictly limited, if Babel is to be avoided. A further point is to be noted. Those who have suffered little must not lecture those who have suffered much. Our prigs are prone to that practice. It will not be kindly taken in future.

Have Dangerous Job

Canadian Officers In Italy Do Their Work Despite Hazards

Silly as it may sound, there are officers with the Canadians in Italy who are performing serious and important work though they are known among the troops as "foos."

Every unit, in telling about one operation or another, invariably mentions its "foos" or a "foo" who has performed a vital job effectively despite hazards. "Foo" is short for forward observation officers, a man who operates well forward, often exposed to enemy fire and from observation posts reports results of artillery fire back to the guns.

Canadian Sniper On Alert



While Canadians advanced cautiously on a German position in Italy, this Canadian sniper kept alert, ready to pick off the first enemy to show himself.

Hungarian Artist

Designed The 1943 Christmas Seal For Anti-Tuberculosis League

Designer of the 1943 Anti-Tuberculosis Christmas seals is Andre Dugo, who lives in U.S.A. and whose birthplace is in Hungary. The seal will be recognized almost all round the world for the same one is being used in Canada, U.S.A., Britain, Jamaica, British Guiana and British West Indies. A writer in London, Ont., Free Press tells of Einar Holbein, a humble Danish postmaster, being first to think of using Christmas seals to help prevent spread of tuberculosis. This was 40 years ago. The writer goes on to say:

Einar Holbein would be happy if he could today know what his little seal has accomplished in those 40 years. In 1900 when records were first started, the death rate per 100,000 of our population was 200; today it is but 51.

Andre Dugo, an internationally known artist, is the designer of this year's seal. Mr. Dugo was born in Szolnok, Hungary, and commenced drawing when he was five years old. His ambition was to become an artist, but his father opposed art as a profession, so he entered the College of Technology in Budapest to study architecture, an excellent groundwork he now admits, for his later years, for it gave him a background and training in draftsmanship no art school would have provided.

Dugo did not practice architecture but began to paint and had his first showing in Budapest in 1924. Then he spent several years in Paris where he married an American lady, later coming to the United States where he soon became an American citizen. Mr. Dugo's son is an ensign in the United States navy.

The 1943 seal depicts a small girl looking out of a window and seeing Santa driving across the sky. Mr. Dugo, in telling of his design, said, "I wanted to show the spirit of Christmas and to represent at the same time, the wonderful work of tuberculosis sanatoria. So I decided to paint a happy, healthy child in a world where it is possible for children to believe in goodness and the spirit of Christmas, in Santa, in miracles, and in fairies."

Cardboard Tokens

Used In Fiji Stores As Substitute For Copper Coins

Paper pennies are being printed in Fiji. There has been such a run of Government notes that the five shilling note had to be supplemented by two and one shilling notes. The stores in Suva found themselves completely denuded of copper coins, so they were allowed to print cardboard tokens which were used in giving change and which are honored in cash transactions. To get over its shortage of copper the post office gave half-penny stamps in change, for half-pennies. In New Guinea, the currency difficulties of Australian soldiers have been got over by importing nearly 500,000 extra pounds of tobacco. Tobacco is still the main currency among the natives, and there are twenty sticks of it to the pound. One stick buys a bunch of bananas, or a pineapple, a dozen sweet potatoes, or four yams. If a man goes home with fifteen pounds of tobacco he is a millionaire.

Going Places Fast

Trans-Atlantic Flyer Proves How Small The World Has Become

The world is certainly getting smaller these days and nowhere does one realize this more than in Washington. Here one constantly meets someone just back from some battle-front which he left only a day or two before.

Sam Sandford, New York playboy, recently returning from a hurry-up trip to Palm Beach. He happened to be in a plane piloted by Dick Merrill, the famed trans-Atlantic flyer. Said Sam to Dick, "I only spent five hours in Palm Beach and here I am on my way back to New York less than 24 hours after I left there." Said Dick to Sam, "I'm in the same boat almost, only I can go you one better. I went to Cairo on business, and spent an hour and half there. That's less than 24 hours ago."

PROVED THEIR WORTH

The Prices Board announced that the more than 70,000 pounds of used collapsible tubes turned in by Canadians during two months increased the Dominion's supply of tin by 12,802 pounds.

CANADA'S NAVY

In Four Years It Has Grown From 15 To 550 Ships

It is amazing to think that Canada, which began the war so weak in naval power, has in the space of little more than four years attained such a strength at sea that she is now third amongst the United Nations in that respect.

At the outbreak of the war the Royal Canadian Navy consisted of only 15 ships and its strength was not more than 1,700. It now has no fewer than 550 ships of all types in service, including destroyers, frigates, corvettes, auxiliary cruisers and minesweepers. During the fiscal year 1942-43 150 ships were added to its strength and this year's plans call for another 70 fighting ships being commissioned. Its strength is now in excess of 67,000.

Even there the Royal Canadian Navy, now assuming most important responsibilities in connection with the protection of vital Allied shipping routes, will not stop growing. As the emphasis in sea warfare switches from the defensive to the offensive, heavier ships than those normally in commission for anti-submarine service are required, and they are being provided. Six of the fighting ships recently commissioned for the Navy have been destroyers. Three Tribal class destroyers, among the best and fastest afloat, were built in Britain and are already in service. A fourth is being built in British yards and four others are being built in Canada. Eventually Canada will have a flotilla of eight Tribal class destroyers.

On top of that arrangements have been made whereby two six-inch gun medium cruisers will be delivered by Britain next year, with the possibility of aircraft-carriers also being made available for Canada's Navy. The cruisers will probbly be new ones and they will be manned by Canadians. There is also talk of Canada having her own Fleet Air Arm to go along with the carriers that we expect to put into operation.

Undoubtedly the Canadian Navy is growing up as the Canadian Army and the Canadian Air Force have already grown up. It will play a not inconsidedable part in the blasting of "Fortress Europe" and if we believe that after the war Canada should share in Empire defence to a greater extent than previously, then the Navy is here to stay—and a good thing, too. The Hon. Angus L. Macdonald, Minister of National Defence for Naval Affairs, has expressed the hope that "after the war Canada's Navy never will be reduced to its very insignificant status of pre-war days." That hope will be shared by very many Canadians who believe that a country which depends so much upon sea-borne commerce as Canada does should be prepared to assume much greater responsibilities in regard to its defence.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Knows Defeat Is Certain

But Germany Has Two Good Reasons For Continuing War

It must be as obvious as the noses on their faces to Hitler and his associates that all their hopes and ambitions for winning the war are shattered. Why, then, do they fight on and doom millions of Germans to prolonged misery and suffering instead of surrendering now before further destruction is heaped upon them?

The first reason is that they hope they will tire out the Allied armies and people, and that sheer war weariness will induce the Allies to say: "Let's quit and call it a day. Keep the territory you have got and let it go at that."

There is probably another reason. The German high command realize that their policy of mass murders, incendiarism and deliberate dynamiting of villages, towns and cities, has brought upon the German race a mountain of hate which may never be eradicated. They have millions of men in many occupied countries, and if Germany were to be forced to surrender and the men required to lay down their arms where they stood, the many more millions of people who have suffered at their hands would fall upon these defenceless men and slaughter them. Accordingly, the Germans will fight on until they are able to gradually withdraw within their own borders out of reach of the maddened civilian peoples.

Even that may not save many of them. The Russian, Polish, Greek, French and other soldiers, who know what has been done to their relatives and homes, may take the law into their own hands as armies of occupation. The Allied leaders may not be able to restrain them.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

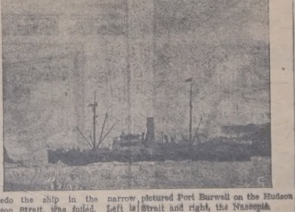
PLANES FROM INDIA

R.A.F. planes from India have rendered valuable service in Burma during the past year, during which they flew supplies into Rangoon, evacuated women and children, and dropped food and clothing to refugees struggling through the hills in Northern Assam. One plane, with an Empire and Commonwealth crew, landed on an 800 yard jungle clearing and took away 17 sick and wounded soldiers to India for treatment.

In the England of the 11th century, splinters of wood, dipped in tallow, were used as candles.

THINK NASCOPIE SAVED DUE TO LATE ARRIVAL AT PORT BURWELL





Official reports that a U-boat was sighted off Port Burwell on July 25, the day the Hudson's Bay Co. supply ship Nascopie was due to arrive there, lead to the belief that a German attempt to trap and torpedo the ship in the narrow Hudson Strait, was foiled. Left is pictured Port Burwell on the Hudson Strait and right, the Nascopie.

Fighting Canada's Battles In Northern Manitoba And Saskatchewan Bushlands

(By J. P. De Wet, Secretary, Manitoba Chamber of Mines)

An interesting story of the great Flin Flon Mine.
(Continued from Last Week)

To understand the difficulties of processing the ore to recover the seven metals contained therein, one should first have a knowledge of the composition of the Flin Flon ore. The metals, in general, are not contained in pure form, but appear as compounds intimately mixed and finely divided in the same rock. The copper occurs as a combination of copper, iron and sulphur, a sulphide known to the miner as chalcopyrite. The zinc also occurs as a sulphide with the name sphalerite. Another mineral in the ore is the sulphide pyrite, a combination of iron and sulphur. The other metals in the ore such as gold, silver, cadmium, selenium and tellurium are in smaller quantities as compounds, although some of the gold occurs in a pure state but in extremely fine particles in close combination with other minerals. The cadmium is most intimately associated with the zinc sulphide, while the selenium and tellurium in combination with gold and silver associate mostly with the copper sulphide.

6,000 Tons Of Ore Raised Every Day

Although the mine and metallurgical plants were originally designed to produce and treat 3,000 tons of ore per day, the tonnage mined and treated has been raised to the present figure of 6,000 tons in direct response to a request from the Canadian Government that maximum production be achieved in order to help the country's war effort. It may be pointed out, in passing, that this remarkable feat has been accomplished in spite of many difficulties and regardless of the fact that the Company's tax burden is tremendously increased. It can be maintained only if sufficient labor is available.

After the ore is hoisted to the surface it is ground to a fine powder. To get an idea of how fine the Flin Flon ore is ground, take a piece of woven silk one square inch in size, and with the finest needle you can procure poke 325 separate and distinct holes in it. The greater portion of the Flin Flon ore is ground fine enough to pass through those tiny holes. Water is added during grinding.

Frothy Bubbles Float Minerals

The next step is selective flotation. In this process a froth like soap bubbles is created by adding oils to the water carrying the finely ground ore and mechanically agitating it while air is being blown in. By the use of different chemicals added to this mixture, the copper sulphide mineral particles will attach themselves to the bubbles to be floated off as a copper concentrate and by changing the chemicals added, the zinc sulphide particles can be floated off as a zinc concentrate. This ability to select by a change of chemicals the material to be floated explains the phrase selective flotation. It not only segregates the minerals from one another for further treatment but eliminates a large part of the material of no commercial value from the ore, known as gangue.

How Copper Is Refined

The copper concentrates go to roasters which burn off some of the excess sulphur, and next to the reverberatory furnace where they are melted; the lighter waste material called "slag" is skimmed off. The remaining portion called "matte" containing the copper is then processed through converters where air is blown through the mass and the remaining sulphur and iron removed. The material left in the converters is blister copper which is cast into bars and sent to a refinery in Montreal. The refinery separates the contained copper, gold, silver, selenium and tellurium, the final products being pure metals now ready to take their places in the Allied Nations munitions factories.

Method Of Refining Zinc

The zinc concentrates go first to roasters where the excess sulphur is burned off and the zinc changed to a soluble form. This product is next passed into tanks where the zinc is dissolved by acid treatment. The solution is purified in the purification section of the plant, and then from the purified solution the zinc is plated on a metal cathode sheet by passing an electric current through the solution. The zinc next is stripped from the cathode sheet and melted in a furnace, and cast into slabs to be shipped to the war factories. This zinc is almost pure, much of it running 99.99% purity. This purity is essential when the zinc is to be alloyed with certain other metals for the purpose of making die castings of aeroplane parts and other war equipment, which require little or no machining. Its purity thus saves many hours of effort.

There Is No Wartime Profiteering In Metals

The prices paid for strategic metals used for war purposes, and for certain civilian uses during war, are fixed by the interested Governments. Consequently there can be no profiteering on the part of those who produce them. Compared to the last war when the price of copper went as high as 35 cents per pound, the present agreed upon price is less than one-third, so that the mining companies can say with justice that they have contributed their share to the war effort.

During 1942 Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Co., Limited, employed an average of 2,096 persons. This gives the reader an idea of the size of the operation.

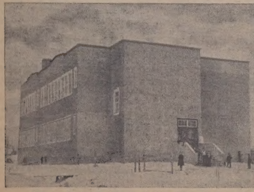
Well Paid Men—Steady Work

The worker at Flin Flon has one of the best paid occupations in the land. He works an eight-hour day and a forty-eight-hour week. For every hour over the 48 that he works, the rate is time and a half. Efficiency is well rewarded at Flin Flon, for the management is anxious to train and keep competent workers on the payroll. A boy showing promise and ability may start as an apprentice and, as explained later, is paid from the date of commencement of his apprenticeship. Ahead of him lies a job for the rest of his life with the chance of becoming a shift boss, or attaining to even higher positions, and retiring when he reaches later life on an annuity derived from equal contributions deposited by himself and the Company with the Annuities Branch of the Dominion Government, where interest rates on the accumulating fund are figured at 4%, compounded annually.

Annuities And Retirement Plans

The Company instituted the annuity plan in 1940 as part of a "Welfare Plan" to provide against the following contingencies: insecurity in old age, death, and loss of pay through non-occupational sickness and accidents. The first contingency is covered by the old age retirement annuity plan, to which the Company contributes one half of the cost; the second by a group life insurance plan, the cost of which the Company pays in full; and the third by group sickness and non-occupational accident insurance, to which Company and employee pay in equal amounts. Accidents that occur while at work are covered by the Workmen's Compensation Boards of Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

(To Be Continued)



This is Birchview School at Flin Flon. Very modern.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 5

THE SIN OF COVETOUSNESS

Golden text: Thou shalt not covet . . . anything that is thy neighbor's. Exodus 20:17.

Lesson: Exodus 20:17; Luke 12:13-34.

Devotional Reading: Luke 18:18-27.

Explanations and Comments

The Law Against Covetousness, Exodus 20:17. There is sin in the desire of something that belongs to another. The Tenth Commandment differs from all the others in that it has to do with a man's relation to himself, his inmost thoughts. Rather than being a law against acts, it directs man to control impulses which may lead to acts. It legislates for the control of thoughts and desires. Keep thy heart with all diligence, for out of it are the issues of life, Proverbs 4:23.

The commandment specifies objects which in those early days a man might covet—his neighbor's house, wife, man-servant, maid-servant, ox, ass, anything that was his neighbor's. "To wish for a house in which to live, to desire a wife to grace it, or the agents necessary to manage it, or marketable values in addition: these are helpful spurs to all heights of industry, harmful to none—not even the possessors. Desire passes into evil when it becomes envious of what others hold; when it would—were the power possessed—gird itself to self-gratification at another's cost." (Allan Poole).

Jesus' Warning Against Covetousness, Luke 12:13-15. "Teacher, bid my brother divide the inheritance with me," a man in the crowd that followed Jesus one day cried out, interrupting Jesus' talk. "Man," sternly Jesus asked, "who made me a judge or a divider over you?" thus refusing to take upon himself the duties of either the individual or the courts. The man's interruption showed that he was too much concerned with possessions, and Jesus made use of the incident to warn his hearers against covetousness. "Covetousness" comes from a Greek word which means "grasping at more". It has been defined as the fatal temper of never being content with what one has, but always seeking a little more, according to the saying that "Enough is just a little more than what one has." "Take heed, and keep yourselves from all covetousness," said Jesus; "for a man's life consisteth not in the abundance of the things which he possesseth." The true life, the spiritual life, does not depend upon riches.

Healing The Sick

Party From A British Cruiser Copes With Epidemic In Arabia

Recently, a medical party from a British cruiser was put ashore at a town in southeastern Arabia to cope with an epidemic of small-pox. During the party's first day ashore, 3,095 people were vaccinated, and a temporary hospital was built. One of the surgeons had to remove one eye from a diseased child in order to save the sight of the other eye. Soon afterwards, a group of blind men appeared and asked to have their sight restored in a similar way. The surgeon told them that Allah alone could cure the blind, and the Arabs departed satisfied.

WATERPROOF ENVELOPES

To insure shipping documents against possible damage by water, the United States Navy has adopted a new type of waterproof envelope in which to enclose them. The envelopes are made of two layers of Kraft paper with an asphalt layer between them.

Important Post



Lieut.-Col. Margaret Eaton, assistant adjutant-general, who deals with the problems of organization, administration, discipline and personal services of the Canadian Women's Army Corps.

Health LEAGUE of CANADA presents TOPICS of VITAL INTEREST

WHOOPING COUGH—KILLER

In the past 10 years whooping cough has killed 6,333 persons—mostly children—in Canada. A total of almost 175,000 persons are known to have suffered the disease in that period. Of these many will have recovered with impaired health.

These are the tragic facts which prompt the present campaign for immunization of children against the disease, which is much more serious than most parents appreciate. In recent years the incidence and the virulence of whooping cough have increased. It has become one of the menacing enemies of childhood.

Not only whooping cough, but diphtheria, scarlet fever and smallpox are diseases which take a pitiful toll of Canadian child life every year, although easily preventable.

One health authority has gone so far as to suggest that when a child dies of one of these unnecessary, preventable diseases, the parents or guardians who failed to protect it by immunization should be charged with neglect.

There is no excuse for these diseases. Physicians have access to free supplies of sera and vaccines. In the majority of Canadian communities there are public-health officers who conduct free clinics. Parents should avail themselves of the simple means to protect their children.

The World's Capital

The Position Of Winnipeg In Respect To A Great Honor

Think of what it would mean if Winnipeg were the capital of the world. The rarest and most precious goods of the earth would be brought to our markets in abundance, including perhaps even fresh fish. The farmers of Manitoba could turn their farms into villas and let someone else grow wheat and worry about rust.

Our mayor could wear a coronet and have bugles blow every time he kicked the first ball at the games in Osborne Stadium. The Labor-Progressive party could change its name once more, this time to the Patricians' Protective and Snooker League.

Of course we would have to police the world and taxes would undoubtedly rise a little, but it would be worth it. So now it is only a matter of sitting still and letting the cold do its work. By the look of the coal situation, Winnipeg should be brought about 50 years nearer empire during this winter.—Winnipeg Tribune.

NOT MUCH CHANCE

In a speech at Utrecht, Dr. Arthur Seyss-Inquart, Reich Commissar for the Netherlands is reported to have told the Dutch that if Germany could only trust them and the victims in other occupied countries to fight off an Allied invasion they would remove the occupation forces and send them to the Russian front. It sounds like asking the drowning man if he will promise to fight his rescuer.

Prof. R. H. A. Plimmer, noted food scientist, says "it is a fallacy to believe that dehydration affects food values."

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

On direct orders from Prime Minister Churchill, Britain's street lighting systems, run down from lack of use because of the blackout, are being overhauled in preparation for the first night of victory.

It is stated that 10,000 Norwegians have escaped to Britain since their country was occupied by the Germans. Seventy-five per cent. of the Norwegian air force consists of escapes.

Heat was not turned on at Buckingham Palace until Nov. 1, ten days after the date set for the rest of Great Britain.

Moscow has opened a new subway, a four-mile line running under the Moscow river and linking the centre of the city with the eastern industrial section.

In the 12 months to Aug. 31, nearly 8,000 men and 1,690 women were prosecuted in Britain for being absent or being persistently late for work without reasonable excuse.

During the present war, 13,895 churches and other ecclesiastical buildings in Britain have been destroyed or damaged.

Germany now has nearly 2,000 day and night fighter planes massed to protect her centres of production, R.A.F. Squadron Leader John Strachey said in a BBC war commentary.

The British Ministry of Supply has gone into the ragpicking business. Helpers have collected and reconditioned more than 2,000,000 worn garments from the army, air force and women's services.

Oliver Lyttleton, British Minister of Production, said that Britain is studying equipment and transport needed "to bring the maximum impact to bear on the Japanese."

Adorably Yours



Adorably yours is this princess frock embroidered with your own name or initials. (Initial transfer sheet included.) Cut the simple parts of fabric-saving Pattern 4567 from a few yards of rayon and whip together in jig-time to wear at desk or dating.

Pattern 4567 is available in junior miss sizes 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18. Size 13 takes 3⅛ yards 35-inch fabric.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this pattern. Write plainly Size, Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man. "Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual."

ALL ON SAME BASIS

Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth was unable to make a purchase recently because she had forgotten to take along her ration book. Many a woman of lesser degree will know exactly how she felt. Incidentally it proves that this war has placed Royalty on the same basis as the most humble citizen. We doubt if such a democratic spirit can be displayed in any other country but Britain.

Easy On The Coal



More Canadian women are running furnaces this year than ever. With husbands away on active service or working in munitions factories "the lady of the house" has to do the job if the family is to stay warm during the cold winter months. The young woman in the picture above is getting down to work by learning the proper way to shake the furnace. It should be done only when necessary to bring up the fire. Most important, is to shake it gently so that the fire bed is not disturbed more than is absolutely necessary.

Sound Advice

Mr. Churchill Advocates Simple Phrases In Writing And Conversation

It is well to be accurate and direct in speaking or writing and to use the simple or familiar in preference to the involved or strange. This does not mean that good writing has to be reduced to Basic or kindergarten English. What it does mean is that, to be effective, the language used must be understandable. . . .

Prime Minister Churchill offered sound advice in this connection some years ago. "To do our work," he said, "we all have to read a mass of papers. Nearly all of them are too long. This wastes time, while energy has to be spent in looking for the essential points. . . . Let us have an end of such phrases as these: 'It is also of importance to bear in mind the following considerations' and 'Consideration should be given to the possibility of carrying into effect.' Most of these woolly phrases are mere padding, which can be left out altogether or replaced by a single word. Let us not shrink from using the short expressive phrase even if it is conversational."

This is a good rule. If editorial and other articles do not always follow it, blame lack of skill rather than lack of intention. Even Mr. Churchill sometimes fails to practise his own sound precept, but that does not detract from the principle!—Brantford Expositor.

During the days of ancient Greece and Rome, everyone of importance had his or her hair done up in small, tight ringlets all over the head.

Nazi Propaganda

Must Convince Germany That War Does Not Pay

Stockholm has received a copy of an "underground" German newspaper which tells the German people that "the war is lost and it is necessary to win the peace".

German propoganda is subtle, unscrupulous and far-seeing, so all this, secretly, may be the official line.

After the Kaiser's war Germany accepted a dictated peace, but her leaders never had the least intention of fulfilling its terms and almost at once began to prepare for a renewal of hostilities. In the German view the interval of peace was no more than a prolonged armistice.

When the Germans talk now of "winning the peace" they have in mind an end to Hitler's war which will leave it possible for them to make a third attempt at world domination in a few years. If they can secure a treaty which saves actual occupation of Germany by Allied armies they will develop the legend, as they did last time, that the Germans really were not defeated and were, in-[illegible]ble.

We cannot be too suspicious of Germany, too cautious in accepting at its face value anything coming out of that country. For our own safety we must never forget that the Germans are hard, tough, determined, war-minded people, and that we will not have won the war until every last German is convinced beyond hope of contradiction that he lost it and that war, on balance, does not pay.—Ottawa Journal.

Buy War Savings Stamps Regularly.

THIS CURIOUS WORLD

By William Ferguson



LIFE'S LIKE THAT

By Fred Neher



"I wouldn't mind gettin' up so early, but you never think of anything to do that's fun!"

2544

REG'LAR FELLERS—*Phony Business*

BY GENE BYRNES



CANADA'S WHEAT ACREAGE IS EXPECTED TO BE INCREASED AS RESULT OF WIDER MARKETS

OTTAWA.—Canada's wheat acreage can be expected to increase during 1944, reversing the wartime trend, as a result of higher prices and expanding markets for surplus production, the Dominion bureau of statistics said.

It will be early December before the 1944 acreage objectives are made public, said the bureau's monthly review of the wheat situation.

Canada is "likely to be a heavy shipper of wheat to the United States in the current crop year," it said, and the question of Canadian wheat acreage will top the agenda at the forthcoming Dominion provincial conference on production objectives.

The bureau said only moderate success attended efforts in other countries to reverse wheat acreage policy from contraction to expansion in the coming season.

"Both the United States and Argentine agricultural authorities encouraged increased wheat acreage this year, but in Argentina the plantings were actually smaller, while in the United States the winter wheat acreage for next year's harvest is below expectation," it reported.

There is still the United States spring wheat area to be reckoned with in fulfilment of the 1944 acreage goal, but it is "considered doubtful that sufficient expansion of spring wheat plants will take place to make up the leeway indicated at the present time."

A year ago the emphasis was on wheat acreage reduction in both the United States and Canada. At that time stocks of surplus wheat were enormous and efforts were being made to produce feed grains and oil-bearing seeds. Since then diversion of wheat to non-food use has been quite extensive, particularly in the United States. This, together with the expectation of some increase in relief shipments of cereal grains to Europe, has caused an "about-face".

The wheat surplus in Canada is still very substantial and there are quite considerable stocks in Argentina and Australia available for export, but the rapid disappearance of wheat in non-food channels is a factor of importance.

DEVASTATED CITIES

Graphic Description Of Havoc Wrought In Germany

BERNE.—A German woman who lives in Switzerland, gave a graphic description of a journey through devastated cities of western Germany, telling of women who broke into tears at the sight of the ruins and of pale men who muttered bitterly that they had had enough.

The story was told in the Berne weekly, Die Nation.

"The horror begins at Mannheim, Ludwigshafen and Mainz—to the right and the left of the railroad line are ruins, terrible ruins," it quoted the woman as saying.

"A woman opposite me suddenly burst into tears. She had been in the Black forest several weeks after she was bombed out, but the sight of the ruins brought back the horror.

"A man opposite me said 'I am from Cologne. You must see Colgne —it cannot be described'.

"We arrived at Cologne in rain and darkness. We tried to telephone, but all the booths were destroyed. I saw brave men go white and shaking to air raid shelters, taking their most valued possessions in small suitcases.

"Clouds of smoke, pitiful ruins, heaps of rubble, and stench—that was Cologne. Beautiful churches were destroyed. The cathedral was damaged, but the spires were still standing. At the railroad station the first and second platforms were a pile of ruins. A trip through Cologne was a penance . . . the old city was a heap of rubble.

"Days after the heavy raids, clouds of smoke lay over the city and shut out the sun. Gas fumes and decaying corpses putrified the air. Even now Cologne stinks with fumes and filth."

GIANT BIRDS

Whooping Cranes Reported In Several Points In Western Canada

WINNIPEG. — Whooping cranes, the flying fortresses of North American bird life, have been reported in several parts of western Canada and it is believed there are enough of them to save their species from extinction.

Jack Wilson, of Winnipeg, a bird bander for Ducks Unlimited, said eight of the giant birds have been reported on the company's project at Last Mountain lake near Simpson, Sask. Authorities believe no more than 100 of the birds are in existence today.

REFUSES INFORMATION

DUBLIN. — Prime Minister De Valera refused in the Dail to give the number of belligerent planes which had crashed in Eire since the start of the war.

2544

GRIM SATISFACTION

How People Of London View The Destruction Of Berlin

LONDON.—There is a feeling of grim satisfaction among Londoners, who took the thundering bombardment the Nazis gloatingly delivered through the black winter and spring of 1940-41, that Berlin now is getting it back many-fold.

But although hatred runs deep for the Germans who blasted, burned and broke businesses, homes, bodies and lives of hundreds of thousands of British people, the Londoners feel rather sorry for them. At the same time, they accept the necessity for grinding the Nazi capital and its leaders into dust. The Germans asked for it, is the general unemotional reaction.

The great raids are taken in characteristic British fashion as a planned, expectable part of the methodical campaign to beat the Germans. There is little undue optimism about its bringing a sudden German collapse.

Tempering all thoughts is the recognition that London's turn may come again at any time. While the Germans are short of bombers in the west, nobody is so foolish as not to recognize they might quickly assemble a sufficient force from other fronts to give London a 500-plane raid.

New Mosquito Bomber Proves Most Successful

LONDON.—Development of a new super-Mosquito combining both the armament of the fighter version of the versatile 400-miles-an-hour plywood plane and half the bombload of a stripped-down bomber without sacrificing speed was disclosed by the manufacturers, the De Haviland Aircraft Company.

This means intruder squadrons now can add bombs to the hail of metal from cannon which planes shower on Nazi airfields, ships and other important facilities.

The new version of the Mosquito has four 20-millimetre cannon, four .303 machine guns—the same armament as the fighter — plus 1,000 pounds of bombs. The straight bomber version can carry four 500-pound bombs.

The night fighter version with unspecified equipment was recently disclosed and has been coping competently with the Germans new fast hit-and-run raiders. Some Canadians fly these night fighters.

There also are special transport, super-high altitude and super-long range versions of the Mosquito.

TORONTO.—A spokesman for De Havilland Aircraft of Canada said the new super-Mosquito fighter bomber will be produced in Canada. "We are pushing ahead with bomber production," said the spokesman.

MANY HONORED

Decorations Conferred On One Hundred And Twelve Canadians At Rideau Hall

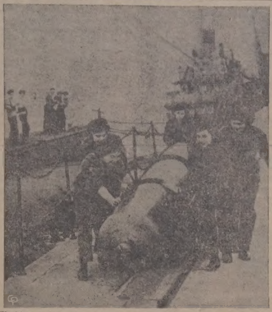
OTTAWA. — The governor-general recently conferred previously announced decorations on 112 persons at Rideau Hall.

Senior officers of the armed services, high-ranking executives in munition production, scientists who have accomplished things in research which are still deep official secrets, sailors and airmen who have shown bravery in the face of the enemy, veteran civil servants and leaders in philanthropy, agriculture and educational fields were among those who stepped before His Excellency as their names were called.

A number of women were included in those honored.

Most of the awards were announced in the King's birthday honors list last June.

Wrens Handle "Tin Fish"



Working on torpedo maintenance, a job which formerly was carried out by men now fighting, are British Wrens. They are shown wheeling a torpedo out for loading into a submarine, shortly to leave on patrol.

NEW SESSION

The King Reviews War At Opening Of British Parliament

LONDON.—The King opened a new session of parliament—the ninth since the present House of Commons was elected in 1935—reading the speech from the throne which confidently said: "In the fourth year of the war the forces of the United Nations have assumed the offensive in all theatres of war . . . and in the coming year we shall with God's help be able to bring to bear upon the enemy a still greater weight of attack."

The King, wearing the uniform of admiral of the fleet, was accompanied by the Queen as he personally opened the new session of parliament. At the same time it was disclosed that the prorogation speech of the old session was read.

Reviewing the Allies' forward strides during the last year, the speech recalled:

"The enemy has been cast out of Africa; freedom has been brought to Sicily, Sardinia and Corsica, and in Italy our forces and those of our American ally now are engaging the enemy on the mainland of Europe."

"With the growing help of our Great American ally and together with the other United Nations we shall go forward with confidence in our cause until we have delivered the peoples of the world from fear of the aggressor," the speech said.

Of Russia, it said:

"On his eastern front the enemy has given ground before the massive, unrelenting advance of the Russian armies, whose magnificent achievements we have watched with ever-deepening admiration."

Turning to the conquered nations of Europe, the speech declared that they "are everywhere preparing to throw off the yoke of the oppressor and we shall continue to afford them such help and encouragement as lies in our power."

The opening ceremony was held in the King's robing room in which the House of Lords has met since the House of Commons chamber was demolished by German bombs in 1941. Commons, which by ancient tradition the King may never visit, now meets in the original House of Lords chamber.

EXPENDITURE LOW

In Connection With Sale Of Fifth Victory Loan Bonds

OTTAWA.—Finance Minister Ilsley said he has "very good expectations" that the cost of selling Fifth Victory loan bonds will not exceed 87 cents for each $100 of the loan issued.

This figure compares with about 90 cents for the Fourth Victory loan last spring, and an average of about $1 for each $100 worth of bonds sold in all five victory loans. The $1 includes "all expenditures for preparation and delivery of the bonds, advertising and publicity, salesmen's commissions and all payments to financial firms and institutions, organization expenses, etc."

The average Lapp family requires 100 reindeer for its maintenance.

MUST BE PLANNED

No Speedy Settlement Of Northern Areas Should Be Expected

EDMONTON.—It's an error to expect a "great rush of population in the north," Dr. Charles Camsell, deputy minister of mines and resources, told provincial and civic officials in a luncheon address here.

Chairman of the North Pacific planning project, Dr. Camsell said it is necessary to establish the economic value of the north before any population rush is started, and that is one of the main aims of the commission.

Much of the area potentially is a mining region and it is on this phase the region must depend for its initial development.

GRANTED ENTRY

Girl Stowaway In Lancaster Bomber Will Stay In Canada

OTTAWA.—Margaret Drury, 24-year-old Lancashire girl and first east-to-west Atlantic air stowaway, has been granted entry to Canada for six months to work with the R.A.F. transport command.

The announcement, made by A. L. Jolliffe, commissioner of immigration, said Miss Drury has expressed a wish to accept such employment. Her case will be reviewed again at the end of the six-month period.

BIG HONEY CROP

TORONTO.—Canada's 1943 honey crop totalled 34,000,000 pounds, largest since 1938 when a record yield of 38,000,000 pounds was recorded, it was reported at the 64th annual convention of the Ontario Beekeepers' Association.

GIVES WARNING

Says Germany Pinning Hopes On Separate Peace Treaties

LONDON.—Brendan Bracken, minister of information, told a luncheon of the American Society in London that German generals have "small hopes" of victory on the battlefield and are looking to Hitler to rescue them through "a litter of separate peace treaties."

At the same time Bracken gave strong warning the German military machine is not yet broken and asserted that much optimism at the moment is "misplaced".

The Nazis were placing their hopes in the political field, however, and Hitler still hopes to stir up rows between the United Nations and get separate treaties, Bracken said.

He added: "And if he gets them let me warn you that the German army will once again prepare an even bigger war machine to dominate the world. Her Far Eastern imitators will certainly follow Germany's example."

Russian Pilots Fly Planes From Base In Alaska

EDMONTON. — Russian women pilots have played and are playing a prominent role in the United Nations lease-lend scheme by piloting planes from Alaska to the Russian front after they have been flown to the far north from United States factories.

While not all the pilots are women, they have been acting as ferry pilots for the Russian government after the U.S. manufactured military aircraft are turned over to the Russians for combat duty against the Germans on the war front.

Planes bearing the Soviet insignia, a plain red star, have been seen by Albertans in Edmonton and along the Alaska highway for some time. They are flown via Edmonton and the string of Alaska highway airports to Fairbanks where the Russians take them over.

None of the Russian women pilots has been seen on Edmonton streets although Russian male pilots have been seen in public places here. On occasions they have attended sports events. Three Russian male pilots witnessed the Castilloux-Lust fight when the eastern airman defeated the soldier and on another occasion took in a baseball game here. They received an ovation from the spectators on each occasion.

Existence of a northwestern Canadian air ferry route from the United States to Russia was disclosed in Washington by Robert P. Patterson, United States under-secretary of war.

Be a partner in the crusade to wipe out tuberculosis. Buy Christmas Seals today generously and use them on all your mail.

Allied Chiefs Meet In Conference



Present at a conference of Allied chiefs of staff in North Africa were these ranking men on land, on sea and in the air. Left to right, Admiral Sir John Cunningham, commander-in-chief of the Allied fleet in the Mediterranean; General Dwight D. Eisenhower, commander-in-chief of Allied forces in that theatre, and Air Chief Marshal Sir Arthur Tedder.

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON FOOD CONSUMPTION LEVELS HAS FINISHED INTENSIVE STUDY

Admiral Of Fleet



The man who led the successful hunt that ended in the sinking of the German battleship Bismarck, Admiral Sir John Cronyn Tovey (above), has been appointed admiral of the fleet, it was announced at the British admiralty, London.

OTTAWA.—The international conference on food consumption levels, attended by statistical and food experts from Britain, the United States and Canada, has concluded several weeks of study here, it was announced by H. F. Angus of the external affairs department, the chairman.

The conference report, after further studies by some of its committees, will be submitted to the combined food board at Washington.

The object of the session was to reach an accurate basis for compairing the food consumption levels of different nations having different customs, different types of production and different methods of distribution with a view to assisting in allocation of food supplies by the board during the war and post-war periods.

"It is, therefore, hoped that a basis has been prepared for continuing work which will have considerable influence on projects of social security after the war as well as for policy during the war," said a statement from the conference.

The conference, the statement said, replaced the former rough-and-ready method of comparisons between official ration allowances, which had the fault of not taking into account the amount of unrationed food consumed and the amount of rationed foods eaten in public places.

The method chosen was to estimate the whole food supply available to a country. But such estimates presented difficulties in taking into account home-consumed fish and game and food produced in victory and other home gardens which never appears in public statistics.

The total food supply before being used for comparison was translated into its equivalent in calories and vitamins and allowances were made for inefficiency and waste in consumption and distribution.

The attractiveness of the food and the manner in which it was presented were also taken into account for the conference acted on the view that with a monotonous diet people tend to eat less than enough and if the diet is particularly attractive waste results from excessive consumption by some persons.

IN JUTLAND AREA

Germany Orders Troops To Be On Alert Against Invasion

STOCKHOLM.—The Germans have placed the entire Jutland territory of Denmark—one of the shortest routes from Britain to Berlin—in a state of military alarm and were reported to have massed 250,000 men there in anticipation of an Allied invasion.

The Danish press service said orders have been given German troops to be on the alert and prepared to defend the peninsula. The Germans have an important airfield for fighter defence in the area.

A confidential memorandum has been issued by Danish department heads to civil servants, the press service said, reporting that German forces will be still further reinforced and fortification work speeded.

HEROIC BANDSMEN

LONDON.—Royal marine bandsmen, many of whom man gunnery control systems on warships, have won three D.S.M.'s, one B.E.M. and 14 members have been mentioned in despatches. Nearly 200 have lost their lives, including 17 bandmasters.

MANAGER OF MUNITION WORKS

NEW YORK. — The German-controlled Czech radio reported that Vaclaw Benes, 59-year-old manager of the Skoda munitions works, had died in Prague.

NEEDED AFTER WAR

TORONTO—Lord Woolton, Britain's food minister, has asked that shipments of powdered milk, sent overseas by Canadian Kinsmen's clubs, be continued after the war, a club spokesman, said here. It would be directed, in the reconstruction period, to hungry peoples of Europe.

A DIVERGENCE OF OPINION AS TO WHETHER ENEMY CAN BE DEFEATED BY BOMBING TACTICS

LONDON.—The bomber's show-down bid for out and out victory in the battle of Berlin found ground officers pulling as hard as anyone for the world's first major victory through air power—but these men who must plan and lead an invasion from the west are keeping their fingers firmly crossed.

"Bombing, plus Russia's magnificent victories, may crush Germany before any great battle in the west," said one highly-ranked American officer. "But it would be criminal if these hopes led me to relax for one moment on the job that's been given to me in preparing for invasion, and it would be tragic if they led to any further over-confidence on the home front."

There is divergence of opinion among ground force leaders on the airmen's chances to shatter Germany sufficiently to bring surrender, but those who think first in terms of land battles seem agreed that:

1. If such an economical victory is won it must be won by smashing the German will to fight and not by physical destruction of the means to make war, because the latter cannot become great enough to break the German army in the time remaining before the invasion deadline.

2. There is a definite danger that the immediate value of these unprecedented, spectacular blows deep inside Nazidom may be exaggerated in the public mind and breed over-confidence which would react badly on the war effort.

An important British officer who knew the German heavy attacks on Britain in the winter of 1940-41 was inclined to discount the chances of smashing morale so that the Germans would revolt and sue for peace. He said:

"Unless that will to fight were broken, it would not have any decisive effect even if Berlin were bombed so badly it had to be abandoned.

"There would be dislocations of records and communications, of course. Men's pay and pensions and promotions might get mixed up, but it wouldn't paralyze operations, particularly since the German high command must have made extensive preparations to meet just such an emergency."

DUKE OF GLOUCESTER NAMED AUSTRALIA'S GOVERNOR-GENERAL



The Duke and Duchess of Gloucester with their only son, Prince Henry, who will be two years old in January.



The residence of the governor-general of Australia at Canberra, which will be occupied by their royal highness the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester next July. The duke has just been appointed governor-general of the commonwealth and succeeds Lord Gowrie, the present occupant.



The Duke of Gloucester, youngest surviving brother of the King.

New Instrument Now Used By The C.W.A.C. Girls To Determine Errors Made By Artillerymen

MEET the "Kine-Cwacs", the brainy and beautiful Canadian girls who are about the only people in existence who can criticize the marksmanship of an artilleryman and get away with it. This situation stems from the "kinetheodolite"—a new instrument and a new word added to the military vocabulary by science. The kinetheodolite is a combination of a camera and a surveyor's instrument and the device records anti-aircraft shell bursts.

Through a system of intricate calculations it can determine errors in the gun fire. It is operated by the Kine-Cwacs and that's why they hold the whip hand over the gunners. But the artillerymen love it. In an unguarded moment a hard-bitten Master Gunner will tell you that the Kine-Cwacs are the "best in the world" and describe how on the rocky eastern shoreline of Atlantic Command in late autumn weather the girls will record ack-ack fire for hours without a word of complaint about the cold and the raw wind off the Atlantic. They have that enthusiasm even when it's cold enough to make the occasional gunner, warmly-clad, wish he had been selected for orderly room duty.

When the kinetheodolite was introduced in Britain it was operated by British girls and when the machine was brought to Canada the C.W.A.C. took it over as a matter of course. The girls come from coast to coast and they explode the old "beautiful but dumb" chestnut. They are highly intelligent—most have a university education—and they lean toward mathematics and precision, which is just what Army headquarters wants for kinetheodolite work.

The security ban of secrecy on the kinetheodolite has been lifted and now it can be told how these girls are contributing to the accuracy of Canadian gunners and helping to bring the margin of error in ack-ack to an absolute minimum. Kinetheodolite is not used in actual battle but the device comes into service during practice shoots as the best method of grading marksmanship.

The set-up during a practice shoot is this: Two kinetheodolite instruments are spaced hundreds of yards apart. Between them is the control station. By means of telephone, up-to-the-second information is flashed to the kinetheodolite stations—or end stations—enabling the kinetheodolites to keep their cameras focused so that they record the shell bursts and also their relation to a target—or drogue—towed by an airplane. With their records of the shoot they can, after involved mathematical work, detect any errors by the instruments used for aiming the gun.

This small detachment of one officer and 23 other ranks, organized a year ago, is commanded by Captain D. I. U. Stickney of Moncton, N.B., who says proudly that her girls are in demand as visual recorders during practice shoots, because of their reputation of accuracy and alertness. In this work the girls score the hits and margin of misses (if any) made by the ack-ack men in training.

Captain Stickney's respect and liking for the girls is mutual and as a result the morale of the unit is 100 per cent. It also means clean crime sheets for everybody and it doesn't take much in the army to have your deed inscribed on one of those sheets of paper.

Promotion is slow for the Kine-Cwacs because of the small size of the unit but Captain Stickney says this fails to shake the girls' enthusiasm for their work. They are eligible for trades pay and most get 50 cents a day extra pay now and they may qualify for as much as 75 cents a day.

The girls are quartered at a training centre in Atlantic Command and they have their own corner of the vast establishment which has produced trigger-quick gunners by the thousand. They have their own orderly room and transport which they drive themselves.

This unit calls for but one sergeant and she's a Winnipeg girl, D. M. Wurster. She shares Captain Stickney's enthusiasm for the work and points out that the unit is flexible in that every girl is trained to do every job called for. The unit is truly a blending of Canada's talent. The girls include Pte. Chris Marshall of Bridgetown, N.S., L-Cpl. E. B. Constantine of Kingston, Ont., who comes from a military family; Pte. E. Montogmery of Crossfield, Alta.; Pte. S. M. Winfrey of Dawson Creek in the Yukon; Pte. J. Montgomery, Milner, B.C.; Pte. M. G. Connor, Toronto; Pte. A. J. Holmes, Renwer, Man., and Pte. B. G. George, Tingwick, Que.

A lone American in the unit is Pte. G. S. Gill, a Tennessee girl from Chattanooga who says she likes the idea of the C.W.A.C. and kinetheodolite work.

CONSIDER THE HAMMER

A good one doesn't lose its head and fly off the handle.

It finds the nail and drives it home.

It looks on the other side and clinches the point.

Occasionally it makes mistakes, but it rectifies them.

It keeps pounding away until the job is done.

It is the only knocker in the world that does a constructive job.

Chinese Army In India

Formed Of Troops Which Had To Withdraw From Burma

The creation of a Chinese army in India is a project which has been going on for months. It is now nearing completion.

The nucleus of the Chinese army in India was formed of the Chinese troops which were forced to withdraw from Burma last year. Many more Chinese soldiers were added and the equipment and training of the army was begun.

What has been done with this force is the result of co-operation among Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, the United States and Britain. Lieut. Gen. Joseph W. Stilwell, one of whose chief ambitions is to avenge the beating his troops suffered at the hands of the Japanese in Burma, is commander of the Chinese army in India and has played a leading part in its development.

His men have been fully equipped with American weapons, comments the Buffalo Courier-Express. Their divisions are of the modern triangular type and for the first time in the history of the Chinese army, each division has its own artillery.

The members of this army are well-uniformed and well-fed. They have been thoroughly trained in jungle fighting, air and ground co-operation and the use of highly-complicated weapons. American army hospital units provide its medical facilities. The army's financing was made possible through Anglo-Chinese agreements and American-Chinese lend-lease arrangements.

American officers and enlisted men assigned to the Chinese army as instructors are reported somewhat chagrined to discover that the Chinese can outmarch them and that the Chinese camps are cleaner and Chinese discipline and efficiency in some ways better than in American units.

The Chinese army in India is rapidly being forged into a weapon for forthcoming use against the Japanese. Its leaders have good reason for confidence that it will make itself felt most unpleasantly by the Japanese when it goes into action against the would-be despoilers of China and the Far East.

HOW TO SAVE SUGAR

Foods eaten hot taste sweeter than they do when cold. So, when the sugar ration runs low you can save by serving baked apples or apple sauce hot instead of cold and by using more of the hot desserts which take less sugar. Steer clear of frozen desserts until the sugar stockpile is up for they take most sweetening of all.

REPORT CONFIRMED

Visitor (at country hotel): Boy, dash up to room sixty-five and see if my umbrella is hanging behind the door. Hurry, because I've a train to catch.

Boy (a few minutes later): Yes, sir, it's there like you said.

Badges For R.C.A.F. Ground Crew



—R.C.A.F. Photo.

Men and women in 10 technical ground trades of the Royal Canadian Air Force will soon be showing the insignia of their trade on their uniforms. Wearing of the newly approved trade badges will commence about the end of the year. The badges illustrated here will be added to those already in wear by wireless and radio tradesmen, physical training and drill instructors and bandsmen. Others may be authorized later, according to an announcement from Air Force Headquarters. The badges, of blue cloth embroidered in lighter blue, will be worn by airwomen and airmen up to the rank of flight sergeant. They are placed one inch below the albatross in the case of sergeants and lower ranks, and five inches from the bottom of the sleeve in the case of flight sergeant.

Play Important Part

Nurses Of This Generation Are Invaluable To Physicians And Surgeons

The St. Thomas Times-Journal says: There is a great need for more trained nurses these days and it is likely to continue for a long time after the war. Medical science is making such gigantic strides that a Utopian era may arrive when the nurse will not be so much required or have so much to do.

Nurses on graduation take what is called the Nightingale Pledge, a pledge of loyalty to their profession and of dedication to the service of their patients. The modern nurse knows vastly more than the woman whose name is indelibly written in the pages of nursing history. Florence Nightingale was not entitled to write Reg. N. after her name. She had only four months of training, and very little of that. Medical science was skimpy 90 years ago compared with the knowledge of today. Miss Nightingale could not have known much more than Sairey Gamp did, but she was a woman of the highest ideals. Yet she was little better than what would be called a practical nurse today. In keeping with the demands of modern medicine and surgery the nurse of this generation is a highly sceientifically equipped specialist; an invaluable and essential aid to the physician and surgeon.

The nurses of today fly their patients from theatres of war back to their homelands where better treatment is available. They spend many days and nights in the skies looking after their charges. In the planes, hospital ships and hospitals they play an important part in saving the lives of many wounded men and keeping them comfortable. They even descend from parachutes behind the front lines and give immediate live-saving attention.

Buy War Savings Stamps Regularly.

No Early Change

Home Radios Will Likely Remain Same For Some Time

"The listening public should not expect too muah too soon after the war in the way of changes in radio receiver design," was the warning issued by the Radio Manufacturers Association of Canada at a recent meeting. When civilian production is resumed the first new radios will likely be quite similar to the home receiver last produced.

The radio industry today is totally absorbed in the war effort, it was explained. The existing chassis designs of household receiving sets cannot be changed at present as they are frozen by the government. Not until all war requirements have been fully met by the radio industry will its engineers be in a position to apply war-time discoveries and advancements to radios for home consumption.

While as a result of research, accelerated by war, many new radio devices will eventually be produced, said the statement, no big change in radio design is foreseen for some time. Before some of the new developments can be utilized in home radio sets, present broadcasting facilities will have to be greatly extended. Broadcasting techniques, too, will have to undergo changes. It is expected these advancements will be made gradually and the public will realize them only over a period of years.

TIMELY HINTS

Whisk off those radiator covers. They're gremlins as far as heat is concerned. At the same time be sure to move the furniture from in front of radiators and hot air registers. The heat won't be able to circulate properly if they are blocked by a chair or chesterfield.

Our symbol for pound, lb., is a contraction of the Roman word for pound, libra.

CWACs Help In Training Ack-Ack Gunners



—Canadian Army Photos.

The kinetheodolite—a new instrument and a new word added by science to the military vocabulary—records and measures the accuracy of anti-aircraft fire. Top, the kinetheodolite is flanked by two C.W.A.C. operators, Sgt. D. M. Wurster, of Winnipeg, left, and Pte. S. M. Winfrey, Dawson Creek, Yukon. After the shoot is over and the shell bursts recorded, the film from the kinetheodolite is removed by Pte. Jane Morrison of Hamilton, lower left, and developed. A view of the central station which flashes out information to the kinetheodolite operators to enable them to keep their instrument focussed on the practise target, is shown at lower right. Working the station are Pte. A. J. Holmes, Renwer, Man., left, and Pte. E. Montgomery, Crossfield, Alta.

CAREER OF INVENTOR

C. F. Burgess Has Devised Many Useful Articles For Profitable Business

In his long career as an inventor-businessman, C. F. Burgess has devised everything from a water softener to bricks that will float, usually turning his ideas into profitable business ventures, such as the Burgess Battery Company. He did much pioneer work in soundproofing, developed one of the first and best smoke screens, and kept the nation in pure potash when a dangerous shortage developed during the last war. Burgess invented the first straight-through auto muffler, devised a process for making butyl alcohol from molasses, and has turned his hand successfully to other varied inventions.

Stainless steel owes much to Burgess, who developed electrolytic iron alloys, and he is now developing electrolytic processes for drilling holes in the new supersteels. Another of his ideas may provide a good substitute for hemp. All told, Burgess has some 400 inventions to his credit, and many of them are in the mysterious field of electrochemistry. Nevertheless, it is not the trained research worker whom this former professor most admires. His favorite character is the amateur, the handicrafter, the man or boy who likes to putter around a home workshop, who works with wood, metal or leather, or builds model planes and ships. There, says Burgess, is the single most important source of new ideas, the richest deposit of inventiveness. He thinks so highly of these basement Edisons that he runs two stores for the special purpose of keeping in touch with them—one in Miami, a larger one in the Chicago Loop.

The Chicago store sells materials for thirty hobbies, but it is not particularly important to Burgess whether the store earns its keep. He maintains it because "it keeps us in touch with creative people." Of the 500 articles in stock, a good many are manufactured by concerns in which Burgess has an interest. More important is the fact that almost all the articles contain one or more materials in which Burgess is interested. He relies on the customers to discover their possibilities, on the theory that if two heads are better than one, then two thousand heads are better still.

How this works is illustrated in the case of a new hand tool. Here was a gadget that would make 7200 up-and-down strokes a minute, driving a needle, a knife blade, a saw, a hammer, or what have you? Obviously, it was good for something, but what? Burgess and his men could think of only two possible uses. So they put the tool on sale to see what the customers could do with it. One hundred uuses were suggested in the first month. One man saw uses in dentistry. Another used it to tattoo blood-type marks on his patients' arms. A fur farmer said it was exactly what he needed to brand silver foxes inside the ear, where it wouldn't show. Defense workers found other uses in war plants.

Like his friend the late Thomas A. Edison, Burgess is interested in everything from rockets to rutabagas, and has a special fondness for finding uses for weeds. Recently he launched a small plant at Ashippun, Wisconsin, to process cattails. Burgess put a quantity of the fluff on the counter of his Chicago store, inviting customers to see what it is good for. Immediately a boating fan reported that it makes excellent pillows and life preservers, and will do nicely in case we run out of kapok.

Burgess spends six months of the year on an island he owns in Charlotte Harbor, on the west coast of Florida, where, with a laboratory and a couple of mechanics who can build any gadgets he requests, he lives the life of a scientific Riley. Some of the problems he tackles there are extremely tough ones, like the work on the corrosion of iron in concrete which has won him many honors. Others sound a good deal like play. "He never sees anything happen," says an associate, "without wondering why. A while back he was building a boat with a vibrating motor, that would swim like a fish. He had got to wondering why fish can swim better than boats. You never can tell what will come from things like that. It may be a new kind of boat, a new kind of motor, a machine for some process in industry, or maybe an improved fish."

Burgess has always had a warm spot in his heart for amateurs; it was amateurs who helped turn him from a research man to a manufacturer. Unable to convince the battery companies that there was a great future for small dry cells, Burgess manufactured them himself, and made a fortune at it. Amateur radio builders, making their own sets, kept business booming. While holding that all men who putter are valuable citizens, and regarding the home workshop as a great unsung research institution, Burgess is partial to the model-airplane builders. "Those kids will try anything," he says fondly, "and frequently it works."—Robert M. Yoder in Saturday Evening Post (Curtis Publishing Co.)

Submarine Commander

Vancouver Born Officer In Royal Navy Hunts U-Boats

The Royal Navy's leading submarine U-boat killer, the Tuna, under command of Lieut. D. S. R. Martin, a native of Vancouver, has returned to home waters after sinking three U-boats during four patrols, the Admiralty announced.

Lieut. Martin has been awarded the Distinguished Service Order and three Bars for his feats.

The Tuna also destroyed another U-boat previously under a different commander.

Martin has been a member of the Navy since several years before the war. Aged 31, tall and quiet, Martin is said by shipmates to posses "a fixation on U-boats."

As a boy in Vancouver he always wanted to go to sea and served in the Merchant Navy before enrolling in the Royal Naval Reserve.

Certain that war was approaching, he transferred from the reserve in 1936 and by 1937 was training for the submarine service. 2544

Industry Endeavors To Provide A Plan To Operate A Program For Post-War Employment Here

COMING at a time when fast-moving war developments are focussing public attention more and more upon post-war employment prospects, the formation, here in Canada, of the Heavy Industries Federation is an event of unusual significance. The federation has been organized specifically to blueprint maximum employment through high levels of productivity in the years that will follow victory.

It is a free and voluntary effort on the part of industry to provide machinery necessary to plan and operate a program of post-war economic and social stabilization.

The Heavy Industries Federation has been established in the belief that, despite the driving demands of war, the time to plan for post-war readjustment and rehabilitation is now. It is industry's acknowledgment of the fact that only by planning boldly and effectively can a bridge be forged strong enough and broad enough to carry the national economy safely and smoothly through the post-war period and set it upon an unbroken road of peacetime economic stability.

Estimates reveal that the ending of the war will release more than 1,500,000 Canadian men and women from war jobs in munitions plants and in the armed services. Even allowing for the maintenance of a peacetime military establishment greater than that of pre-war years and reckoning upon the return to domestic life of many women war workers and the retirement of many over-age men, Canada must still be confronted with the greatest employment problem in its history.

Organization of the Heavy Industries Federation involves the establishment of a central industrial committee, of regional boards and of regional sub-committees for research, field development and particularized planning. The federation will act as a clearing house for all post-war projects involving the capital goods industries.

The activities of the federation will be keyed essentially to the objective of providing jobs in private industry. Within this field it will seek to set up mechanisms which will be of real assistance to industry in the approaching period of post-war readjustment.

CHRISTMAS SEALS

(By E. L. Ross, M.D.)
Medical Superintendent, Sanatorium Board of Manitoba



This week thousands of homes in Manitoba have received Christmas Seals, and, although most people associate these little stickers with the campaign against tuberculosis, perhaps there are some who do not understand, even though they buy them, what Christmas seals are, what they mean, and what they do.

Tuberculosis is an infectious disease and its prevention is based on the discovery of sources of infection at an early stage. It was in 1926 that Travelling Tuberculosis Clinics began, and since then 5,000 to 10,000 people have been examined annually at 50 or more centres throughout the Province. Monthly chest clinics are also held at Brandon, Dauphin, Portage la Prairie and Selkirk.

The goal of the Travelling Clinics is to x-ray every person who has been in contact with a case of tuberculosis, to x-ray any who have suspicious symptoms, to review and advise any who are known to have had the disease, to segregate every person with sputum containing the tuberculosis germ and to educate such persons and others regarding the ways the disease is spread. The sole means of providing this preventive service has been through the sale of Christmas seals.

To eradicate tuberculosis the x-raying of apparently well people on a much more comprehensive scale is necessary. This is now possible because of new and expensive x-ray equipment, which takes miniature films at one-tenth the cost. Another machine is required. The carrying out of this intensified programme depends upon your purchase of Christmas seals. Chest x-ray surveys of large and small industries and communities have begun. This year in Winnipeg and throughout the Province over 12,000 people have been x-rayed on surveys, including, over 2,000 university students. The objective of the Sanatorium Board is to have every citizen x-rayed for tuberculosis during the next five years. Whether this can be done or not depends upon you.

Since the beginning of the present war there has been an increase in tuberculosis deaths in Canada. Manitoba did not contribute to this increase but 300 people in Manitoba and 6,000 in Canada died of the disease last year. The tragic part is that tuberculosis, which takes the lives of more persons between the ages of 18 and 45 than any other disease, is preventable. An all-out tuberculosis control programme is more essential now than ever before, because tuberculosis increases during time of war.

Public-spirited citizens of Manitoba can intensify the programme of tuberculosis control by supporting generously the sale of Christmas seals being sold under the auspices of the Sanatorium Board of Manitoba for the support of tuberculosis travelling clinics and the rehabilitation of tuberculous patients. If we have missed your name on our mailing list you can obtain the seals by writing to the Manitoba Sanatorium, Ninette.

Rubber Trees

Millions Of Them Could Be Tapped In Amazon Basin If Labor Available

Millions of rubber trees are in the vast forests of the Amazon in Brazil, growing wild and yielding latex for the tapping, and no one can estimate how much the yield would be if all the trees could be tapped. But there are not enough men available to tap more than a fraction of them. This shortage of manpower is the chief factor that limits the production of rubber in the Amazon basin. Because of it, expansion of rubber production in that area to a point where it could become a dominant factor in the world market, is virtually impossible. Brazilian recruiting brings but 25,000 of the 100,000 men needed. The Malay States are densely populated. Brazil, Peru and Bolivia are sparsely populated by comparison, and this is especially true of the Amazon area. One may fly 500 miles across the jungle and see no signs of human habitation.

JUST TRAIN WHISTLE

A wavering scream, described in London newspapers as resembling nothing ever heard in this world, roused fireguards and air raid wardens before dawn and touched off a deluge of excited rumors. The "ghost siren" was discovered to belong to a new American locomotive whose whistle in no way compares with the pipsqueak of British locomotives.

Just A Side Line

Art Of Camouflage Is One Of Canada's War Activities

The military art of camouflage—the di[illegible] localities from hostile eyes and ears—has reached a high point in Canada, and, as a side line to its many war activities, the Dominion Experimental Farms Service is making a valuable contribution. It is providing information in regard to the most suitable species of trees and shrubs for rendering Canadian military establishments difficult to be recognized by the enemy from land, sea and air. The Division of Horticulture has been co-operating with the Department of National Defence in the camouflage campaign and the information given by the various Branch Experimental Farms in the districts concerned, particularly on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, has been of special value in the defence of Canada.

Crocheted Beanies



7643

Add that handmade, expensive look to your new fall outfit! A crocheted beanie to place smartly behind your pompadour will do the trick. All you need is some wool sports yarn, a little spare time and these simple, easy directions. You'll want both bow-trim and crocheted feather. Pattern 7643 contains directions for hats; stitches.

To obtain this pattern send twenty cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Avenue E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number. "Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual."

MAKE YOUR OWN CIGARETTES WITH
MACDONALD'S
Fine Cut
THE FINEST TOBACCO YOU EVER SMOKED
12M

OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY— "WATER"

By FRANK BENNETT

McClure Newspaper Syndicate

THE motor quit with terrifying abruptness, and the only sound left was the whistling of the wind through the struts of the plane. But Peggy was too good a pilot to lose her head. She tightened her safety belt and looked below. The vast sweep of shimmering desert was rushing toward her with surprising swiftness. She banked the plane and hoped she'd get over the ridge of white rocks.

The sand was soft. The plane nosed. The tail lifted, then settled back with a splintering crash. For a moment everything went black. Then she opened her eyes, wide blue eyes tinged with terror, for smoke was curling up from the nose of the plane. As she fumbled at her safety belt a shaft of fire shot upward. Then strong arms were about her, dragging her from the blazing wreck.

Peggy looked at the man towering above her. His face was lean and brown and covered with several days' growth of beard. His eyes frightened her a little. They were gray, deep-set and red-rimmed.

"Thanks," she said weakly, and sank on the hot sand.

He knelt beside her and held a flask to her lips. It was water—stale, warm. She took a mouthful and spat it out. The man's eyes blazed.

"You idiot!" he said. "All the water between life and death for us—and you waste it!"

Peggy was suddenly angry. No one had ever spoken to her like this. "Do you know who I am?" she demanded.

"It doesn't matter—out here," he said flatly.

"I'm Peggy Lane Henderson. My father is J. P. —"

"I know — J. P. Henderson, millionaire miner. You're the girl that squanders his money on planes, clothes and horses. I'm Jim Mercer"—he bowed mockingly—"two years out of Stanford; jobless prospector, a darned fool for pulling you out of that wreck. My pack horse went over a cliff—and so did all my food and water, except what's in this flask." He pointed to the east. "See that purple ridge of mountains? That's the nearest water. If you feel like walking, we'll be on our way."

Peggy stood up, looking into the haggard face. There was a flash of wildness in the sunken eyes. "How long has it been," she asked, "since you've eaten?"

Jim laughed too loudly. "Eaten? Let me see—for breakfast I had ham and eggs, hot rolls with lots of butter and great glasses of ice water. For lunch—"

"Shut up!" she blazed. "You're losing your mind."

"It's a long way to those mountains, sister," he said quietly. He took off his battered hat and clamped it over her yellow curls. "You'll need this." He fashioned a sunshade from dried brush and tied it on his head with a handkerchief. "Now" — he slipped his arm through hers — "let's go."

She pulled away. "Thanks, I'm perfectly fit."

He shrugged and struck out toward the east. Peggy followed. The man was weak. It was easy to keep up with him—at first.

She broke the long silence between them with, "I'm thirsty."

"Sorry," he threw back at her. "You've had your share."

The sun burned through the girl's thin dress. Sand worked into her shoes. Brush ripped the silk hose from her slender legs, leaving scratches and red welts. The man stumbled on. She realized that he had been doing this day after day. Her anger changed to admiration.

The sun dipped below the sand. Stars came out, millions of them, bright, blazing, but the heat continued. At last the man stopped, sank to the sand. "We'd better rest," he panted.

He held out the flask and allowed her to swallow twice. Then he took two swallows. When he stretched out to sleep he covered the flask with his body, guarding it from her. Peggy suddenly hated Jim Mercer—hated him for his strength and her own weakness.

It was the next night that they came upon the water hole. Peggy saw it first. A hoarse cry broke from her cracked lips, and she stumbled forward. Water! She fell on her hands and knees, crawled over the sharp rocks. As her lips touched the water Jim pulled her away, pointing mutely to a crude sign—"POISON WATER".

"I don't care," she said hoarsely. "I'm going to drink!" The next instant she was bending over the pool. He caught her by the hair and pulled her back.

"You brute!" she sobbed. "You great big—"

She got his revolver then—it was easy, for it hung loosely in the holster at his side. She leveled the gun and began backing toward the water. "Don't touch me," she panted. "Don't—I'll kill you!" He laughed and stumbled toward her. She meant to shoot him. She hated him. "Stop!" she choked. "Stop!"

He came on, lauging harshly, took the gun away from her. "You little fool," he rasped. "You—"

She saw the blow coming—a long, sweeping, open-handed blow. It caught her on the left cheek and knocked her to her knees. He slapped her again.

Then Peggy sobbed brokenly, all the fight gone from her. She felt Jim's arm about her shoulders, lifting her from the sand. He put the flask to her dry lips and let her drink the last of the water. Then he carried her, staggering on and on, always eastward. Only twice did Peggy open her eyes to the blazing sky above.

They reached the mountains some time the next morning. Here was water, crystal clear! And Jim shot a rabbit, and there was food. And the grass was soft, the shade cool—

When Peggy awoke she saw Jim by the little stream, his broad back toward her. She went over to him. He looked at her, level gray eyes searching her face. "I'm sorry," he said. "But when you took my gun, well—"

"I had it coming to me—and, oh, Jim, I loved it!"

He found her hands and crushed them against his rough face. Somewhere above in the cool shade, a bird sang.

A Poser

Where Do Cows Get Calcium Is Schoolboy's Query

"If people get calcium from milk, where does the cow get it from? Our cow never drinks milk."

The teacher had been telling the children about the importance of drinking at least two glasses of milk every day so they would get the calcium they need, and 11-year-old Billy, who likes to think everything through, came out with that poser.

Where does the cow get the calcium of which her milk is such a rich source? Well, according to Nutrition Services, she gets it from the large quantities of grass, hay and grain that she eats each day.

Don't get alarmed though, Nutrition Services isn't going to recommend that quantities of hay and grass be added to the human diet. We will still have to worry along, getting most of our calcium via the cow. The human digestive apparatus differs from the cow's and is not equipped to handle such large quantities of vegetable foods.

Humans, however, do derive some of their daily supply of calcium from vegetables—the leafy green ones and potatoes—and some from other foods such as cereals but, without milk or cheese, it is impossible to get enough to meet the day's requirements.

To get the value of the calcium that is found in potatoes and leafy green vegetables, Nutrition Services points out that they must be carefully cooked and any liquid that is left must be saved and used, for calcium is soluble in water and much of it may be dissolved out during cooking and, all too often, is lost down the kitchen sink.

One reason why wire is short in the stores is made plain by a news story in the press. Every Lancaster bombing plane carries eleven miles of it.

We can never replace the happiness we take out of the lives of others. Restitution is in such cases almost impossible.

For Faster Relief of
CHEST COLDS
Muscular
Aches & Pains
Tired Burning Feet
MASSAGE WELL WITH
BUCKLEY'S STAINLESS WHITE RUB
PRICE 30c and 50c at ALL Druggists

Your Army Leaders



BRIGADIER JAMES MESS, 52, formerly of Toronto, is Deputy Adjutant-General at National Defence Headquarters, in charge of recreation and entertainment (welfare), research and information, education and Army Recruiting. He is an engineer in civilian life, and for more than a year was Director of Army Recruiting for Canada. He is married and lives on Cooper Street, Ottawa. A son is overseas. Brig. Mess returned only recently from a visit to the Canadian Army in Great Britain.

Some New Records

Made By People Who Have Written Letters During War

Cpl. F. G. Bulgin, of Montreal, member of the Royal Canadian Army Medical Corps, has started something and there's no telling where it may finish.

The corporal said he had mailed his 1,000th letter to his wife from whom he had received 680 in the three and one-half years he's been in Britain. "Can anyone beat this?" he asked.

The letters started piling into the London newspapers the very next day after the story appeared. Here are some of the records disclosed in the letters to the papers:

Cpl. H. Beaudoin, of a Canadian infantry reinforcement unit, wrote that he had sent 1,555 letters to his wife and more than 700 to his daughter in his three and one-half years overseas.

Mrs. Ena Reeves, of London, has written twice a day to her husband for the last 22 months—a total of 1,358 letters.

A woman signing herself "a very devoted lady from west London," said she had mailed 1,489 letters in exactly two years, beginning Nov. 11, 1941, but she didn't say to whom they were written.

With a total of 1,460 letters, Mrs. G. Cheesman had written to her husband every day from Sept. 1, 1939, to Nov. 15, 1943, except when he was home on leave.

It goes on and on and on.

Prisoners Of War

Nazis Have No Use For Christianity, Says Dallas Paper

The Dallas News quotes First Lt. Maurice M. Hall, chaplain of a prisoners-of-war camp at Huntsville, Tex., as saying that "60 per cent. of the prisoners are confirmed Nazis," and "you might as well preach Christianity to a wall as to these Hitlerites."

"The Nazis are treacherous, often trying after midnight in the barracks to lynch their comrades who are not Nazis," he was quoted in an interview. "Unless we evangelize these men they will return to Germany after the war with nothing but contempt for our ideals, more than eager to fight another war."

Canadian troops on Kiska Island are building roads, installations and living quarters.

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Nurse Dencker's Ointments used by thousands during the past 25 years with amazing satisfaction. Simple home treatment does not interefere with daily work. Write today for Free Trial and testimonials without obligation. Nurse Dencker's Remedies, Dept. L. Joyce Sub. P.O., Vancouver, B.C. FREE TRIAL



Retreat from Russia—1943 Style.

—The Chicago Sun.



Numbers Increase

Shortage Of Ammunition Has Given Wild Life A Chance

With the ill wind of war blowing them good, most of the wild birds and animals of Canada increased in number this year—a year in which ammunition is needed for more deadly purposes than sport.

A survey by The Canadian Press reveals "notable increase in numbers of ducks and geese passing through Canada. In spite of refusal by federal authorities to release ammunition for sport, most provinces reported hunters out in fair numbers, apparently drawing on stocks of shells bought in the past.

Most provincial game authorities said there were few evidences of game birds and animals causing unusual damage to crops. Farmers who have to protect crops can obtain ammunition when it is available.

Federal and provincial officials agreed that no particular increase in the number of bears has occurred, and bounty payments indicated there has been no unusual increase in number of wolves in any province.

E. S. Forsyth of Regina, Saskatchewan game commissioner, said there have been "many complaints" from farmers suffering losses from migratory waterfowl. Sheep were being killed by coyotes and in the northern part of the province by timber wolves and bears.

Ducks Unlimited, an organization for the preservation of wild life, estimated there were 100,000,000 waterfowl in Manitoba this year, with ducks showing the greatest increase.

Some Manitoba crops losses were attributed to wild life but in no district was damage severe.

The prairie provinces generally reported a decrease in number of hunters.

In British Columbia, Game Commissioner Frank R. Butler said wild life is on the increase but he said he does not think the shortage of ammunition is the cause, but rather laws for the protection of wild life.

D. J. Taylor, Ontario deputy minister of game and fisheries, said there has been an increase in waterfowl like ducks and geese, and in predatory animals like foxes and skunk.

Scientists believe that hydrogen and helium abound on the sun.

WINGS PARADE

R.C.A.F. - B.C.A.T.P.

The following members of the Royal Canadian Air Force overseas have received their appointments to commissioned rank: Air Gunner—Sgt. Reginald B. Gusseck, Warner, Alta. Navigator "B"—Sgt. Charles A. Walrath, Edgerton, Alta. Pilots—W.O. Bernard A. Sorge, Pincher Creek, Alta., and FS. Lloyd L. H. Hansen, Lethbridge, Alta. Wireless operator-air gunner—W.O. Robert J. Larkins, Barrhead, Alta.

The following appointments to commissioned rank have been made to recent graduates at schools in No. 4 Training Command, R.C.A.F.:

At No. 39 SFTS (R.A.F.) Swift Current, Sask.—Ian A. Macdonald of Courtney, B.C.; Gavin H. Mouat of Vancouver, and John E. Palmer of Woodstock, Ont.

At No. 35 SFTS (R.A.F.) North Battleford, Sask.—Gordon D. Bowman of Saskatoon.

Three Albertans are included in the recent list of appointments to commissioned rank to R.C.A.F. air crew overseas: FS. Leonard A. W. Trevors, Calgary, air bomber; FS. George S. Moreau, Edmonton, navigator "B"; Sgt. Aaron Kiehlbauch, Hilliard, pilot.

Student Pilots graduating at Claresholm, Alta., represented most of the provinces of the Dominion and two were from the U.S.

British Columbia—Sgt. Pilots B. A. Morris, C. J. N. Willis, G. Greenway and T. I. Dodsworth, all of Vancouver; K. R. McDonald and L. R. Russell of New Westminster; E. B. Clark, West Grand Forks; H. G. Warberton, Kamloops, B.C.

Alberta—Sgt. Pilots W. F. Campbell, R. A. Clements, and D. H. Sharpe, of Claresholm; J. E. Davis, Lethbridge; R. A. McDonald, Olds, Alta.

Saskatchewan—Sgts. Pilots C. I. Biegler, Regina; H. S. Lauder, Shellbrook; D. A. Stuart, Prince Albert; K. A. Gropp, Cantuar; G. W. Anderson, Indian Head; H. M. Lapp, Alameda.

Manitoba—Sgt. Pilots G. M. Jones and J. R. Patterson of Winnipeg; W. D. Bates, Dauphin; G. W. Cmolik, McAuley.

Many western airmen, including 16 from Vancouver, B.C., graduated at No. 3 Service Flying Training School, Calgary, Alta., recently. The list follows:

British Columbia—Sgt. Pilots S. J. Allen, B. D. Darling, R. W. Falkins, E. R. Gordon, W. R. M. Hollingshead, H. W. Ingraham, W. J. Mackin, D. E. Mathews, W. C. Miller, H. Maclean, I. MacLeod, F. G. Physick, W. W. Reid, C. W. Speed, F. R. Taylor, J. A. H. Whipple and G. J. Zacharias, of Vancouver; G. J. Keeper and S. A. Miles, of Victoria; M. Bartsch, Port Alberni; W. C. Chapman, Nelson; C. L. Finch, Penticton; J. J. Gerein, Kelowna; A. Klimovich, Fruitvale; R. S. Purkis, Salmon Arm; R. K. Quinn, Prince George.

Alberta—Sgt. Pilots O. V. Stevenson and R. G. Drummond, of Calgary; G. W. J. Bosworth, Olds; G. B. Coleman, Magrath; M. Depew, Raymond; D. C. Deadrick, Didsbury; F. C. Finn, Viking; D. W. Hill, Fort MacMurray; J. H. Hrdlicka, Brooks; A. G. King, Vermillion; A. D. McCutcheon, Nordegg; S. W. Ross, Banff; A. C. Thompson, Craigmyle; J. W. Thompson, Bowden.

Manitoba—Sgt. Pilots S. F. Conley and A. J. Mills of Winnipeg.

FO. J. M. Grisdale of Winnipeg, who remustered from the Aeronautical Engineering Branch on March 6, 1943, also graduated with the class.

Tuberculosis strikes hardest at the young of the nation. If you value the youth of Canada, do your share to prevent tuberculosis. Buy your Christmas Seals today.

Sweet Potato Cereal

May Soon Be Seen On Breakfast Tables In America

By a new process which includes dehydration, the sweet potato, stripped of its moisture, but with its sugar, minerals and vitamins intact, is ready to play a new role in the nation's diet, says the National Geographic Society.

Long a stand-by in the diets of the South—a frequenter of dinner tables, but seldom seen on breakfast menus—the humble "sweet" may soon come to America's breakfast tables as a crisp and highly nutritious "cereal" carrying its own natural sugar.

Breakfast food is only one of many contributions made by the versatile sweet potato. Its products include candy bars or "caramel chews", ice cream powders, flour for pies and tasty sandwich spreads.

Sweet potatoes are easy to grow and require little soil food. Backyard gardens and scattered areas in the United States produced a 1943 crop of well over 70,000,000 bushels. The creeping vinelike plant thrives as far north as New Jersey and west as far as Southern California, but Georgia is the top producer.

The grandest of all old Christmas traditions is Christmas Seals. Every Christmas Seal you buy helps to save lives. Use your Seals on every Christmas card and letter you send this year.

"MIDDLE-AGE" WOMEN (38-52 yrs. old)
HEED THIS ADVICE!!
If you're cross, restless, NERVOUS—suffer hot flashes, dizziness—caused by this period in a woman's life—try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Made especially for women. Hundreds of thousands remarkably helped. Follow label directions. Made in Canada.



New Equipment

Will Be Provided To Aid Men Adrift At Sea

Life promises soon to be much more interesting for fliers down on the ocean in rubber boats. They will have equipment designed to attract aid, to go places and to keep themselves alive.

This new equipment is the job of the emergency rescue equipment section, under the Office of Co-ordinator of Research and Developemnt of the United States Navy. It is a new echelon, set up by the joint chiefs of staff.

One aid is a small mirror. There is a half-inch cross cut in the middle, which is both a window and a sighting device, like the crosshairs of a bomb sight.

The boatman holds the mirror with its back a few inches from one eye and, through the cross, sights a plane. He can see a plane up to 10 miles away on a clear, sunny day.

The purpose is to flash reflected sunlight into the eyes of the distant aviator. The difficulty is not in making a visible flash; the trick is to get the little patch of reflection directly on the plane. The sighting cross makes this feasible.

The navy is experimenting with a sail for a rubber boat. It is red silk, rayon or nylon, and is flourescent so that it glows with a light of its own in any kind of daylight.

The best new friend of the castaway is a little device by which he can make seawater sweet and drinkable. It is a soft, semi-transparent plastic bag, about half the diameter to a man's riding boot and not as long. The castaway half fills it with seawater. He drops in a compressed chemical compound, as big as a small cake of soap. This he kneads in the water for 20 minutes, by squeezing the bag. In 20 minutes he has a pint of good drinking water.

The castaway has another chemical which stains the sea a fluorescent yellow for 20 feet around. He can carry little floating lights.

The rubber boatman also has a canvas vest not much bigger than a brassier, but fitting lower down. In it is a row of pockets, holding fishing lines and tackle of various types. In one pocket is bait. The bait is dehydrated pork.

SELECTED RECIPES

EVER TASTED PHILADELPHIA SCRAPPLE?

This delicious pride of Philadelphia makes a grand entree for winter days or nights. It's a meat dish that's easy on your coupons—only one pound of sausage for eight servings.

The meat, fried crisply, is added to a rich corn meal and bran cereal mixture and packed into loaf form. The scrapple is cut into slices and browned in sausage fat on a hot griddle.

You'll probably try scrapple first as a novelty—but you'll soon be adding it to your favorite recipe list!

ALL-BRAN SCRAPPLE

1 pound fresh pork sausage
2 cups water
1 teaspoon salt
⅛ teaspoon pepper
¼ teaspoon powdered sage
Few grains cayenne
⅔ cup cornmeal
⅔ cup All-Bran

Brown sausage in heavy frying pan, stirring occasionally; pour off and save fat. Bring water to a boil, add salt, pepper, sage and cayenne. Stir in cornmeal gradually; cook until thickened stirring constantly. Add All-Bran and sausage; mix thoroughly. Pour into dampened loaf pan; chill until firm. Unmold; cut in half-inch slices and brown in sausage fat on hot griddle. Serve with syrup or apple butter.

Yield: Eight servings (16½ inch slices)

Note: Loaf may be stored in refrigerator for a week or longer.

WHAT INFLATION MEANS

A letter reaching Bill Wong, an Ontario restaurant proprietor, from his homeland, indicated, he said, the meaning of inflation. It bore stamps to the value of $16 in Chinese money on the envelope—equivalent, he estimated, of approximately $1 here. Mr. Wong said 100 pounds of rice in China cost between $1,000 and $1,200.

The Germans' slowness in their retreats from some of the towns in Italy may be due to the heavy loads of loot they are carrying.

STOP Scratching Relieve Itch Fast—or Money Back
For quick relief from itching of eczema, pimples, athlete's foot, scales, scabies, rashes and other externally caused skin troubles, use fast-acting, cooling, antiseptic, liquid D. D. D. Prescription. Greaseless, stainless. Soothes irritation and quickly stops intense itching. 35c trial bottle proves it, or money back. Ask your druggist today for D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION.



Leave us your next Order for

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You do not have to send elsewhere, when you can get it just as neatly and cheaply at home.

Our Print Shop is ready always to meet your requirements in

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SEEDTIME Will Soon Be Here!



Are You Sure of Your SEED?

Although the War Effort has greatly depleted our personnel we are still able to offer the service of free Germination Tests.

Please assist us by sending in your samples early.

(10)

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A Classified Ad. in The Times brings results

Opportune

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Our Flour is always reliable. It is manufactured from wheat grown in your own district, and ground in your own town.

Patronize your own Flour Mill
Satisfaction Guaranteed

Farmers are solicited to bring in their wheat in exchange for flour, at the usual rates.

TRY OUR NEW
Self-Rising Flour
For Pancakes and Muffins

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY
410 Lancaster Building, Calgary, Alta, Telephone M2411

Will be at the QUEEN'S HOTEL at Delia the second and fourth Saturday of each month.

Church Services

THE UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA
Rev. T. TAYLOR, Minister,

Sunday School	10.30 a.m.
Service of Worship ...	7.30 p.m.
And on Alternate Sundays:	
Craigmyle	11.00 a.m.
Hand Hills	2.00 p.m.
Michichi	2.15 p.m.

Come and Worship

Delia Inter-Denominational Sunday School

In the old school building every Sunday at 11 a.m.
Supt., Mr. N. J. McEwen.
Everybody welcome

Local Grain Prices.

(By I. J. Olsen. Alberta Pool Elevators)

TUESDAY, Dec. 14, 1943.

Oats—	
2 C.W.	.39½
Ex. 3 c.w.	.38½
3 c.w.	.38½
Ex. 1 feed	.38½
1 feed	.38½
2 feed	.36½
3 feed	.31½
Barley—	
No. 2 c.w. 6 row	.48¾
No. 3 c.w 6 row	.48¾
1 feed	.47¾
2 feed	.47¾
3 feed	.42¾
Rye—	
2 c.w.	.94½
3 c.w.	.90½
4 c.w.	.80½
Track Price, basis No. 1 Nor.— Fort William	0.00

Dominion Wheat Board Prices

No. 1 Northern	1.08
No. 2 Northern	1.05
No. 3 Northern	1.03
No. 4 Northern	.98
No. 5 Wheat	.93
No. 6 Wheat	.89
Feed Wheat	.87
Wheat (Garnet)—	
1 c.w.	1.03
2 c.w.	1.01
3 c.w.	.99

Farm for Sale

Cash offers will be considered for the sale of the South Half of Section Four (4), in Township Thirty-three (33), Range Eighteen (18), West of the 4th Meridian with approximately 240 acres under cultivation, together with the following machinery and equipment:—

- 1 3 bottom Disc Plow.
- 1 Walking Plow.
- 1 Wagon Gear and Box.
- 3 Section Lever Harrows.
- 1 Tank Heater.
- 1 Garden Cultivator.
- 1 Garden Seeder.
- 1 Sleigh, with 2½ inch runners.
- 4 Granaries.

Approximately fourteen miles from Rowley and sixteen miles from Delia. Fair house, barn and outbuildings and windmill.

Marked cheque for 5 per cent of the purchase price must accompany each tender, to be returned if the tender is not accepted.

Offers will be received up to but not after the 2nd of January, A.D. 1944.

The highest or any offer not necessarily accepted.

JOSEPH FULTON and
THOMAS STEPHENSON
Executors of the last Will and Testament of John Ginchman.

W. H. SPADY, D.C., Ph. C.
CHIROPRACTOR
Graduate of P.S.C. and Bremer C.C.
Neurocalometer and X-Ray
Office Hours: 10-12, 2-6 Mon., Thurs., Saturday. Evenings, 7 to 8:30.
Phone, 528 DRUMHELLER, Alta.

FOR SALE

One small three-roomed house for sale, or rent. Apply,
Post-Office, Box 145, Delia

ESTRAY

Estrayed, on the farm of Clarence Wilson, two miles north of Fish Lake, one Black Mare, branded J—Z on right thigh. Apply, C. Wilson, R.R. No. 3, Craigmyle. 2p

The Delia Times

PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY EVGS

Jos. McKibbon, .. Editor and Proprietor

Subscription rates $2.00 per annum payable in advance.

Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed, Articles Wanted or For Sale, &c., 50c. first insertion, first five lines or less; extra lines 10c per line. Subsequent insertions, 25c; extra lines 5c, prepaid. If charged 25c extra will be added.

Municipal, Legal and Reader Advertisements 15c per line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising and Local ad. rates on application.

Changes of advertising must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1943

WELL DONE, ALBERTA

The National War Finance Committee have compiled the final figures for the Fifth Victory Loan. The people of Alberta did a much better job in the Fifth Loan than they did in the Fourth, as the figures will prove.

In the Fifth Loan, 154,743 people bought Bonds to the amount of $42,149,650. This means that one person in every five (both adults and children) bought a Victory Bond during the Fifth Loan.

In the Fourth Loan, 128,786 people in Alberta bought $39,054-200 worth of Bonds, which is one person in every six in the Province.

25,957 more people bought $3,095,450 more Bonds than in the previous Loan. This is a very fine showing and the National War Finance Committee feel that no Province in Canada has a finer record.

The National War Finance Committee pointed out that while the Bond purchase record is very fine, the purchase of War Saving Stamps and Certificates in Alberta is one of the lowest in Canada, and they feel that the people of Alberta—if they can make such a fine record in the purchase of Bonds—should also keep the Province in the foreground where the purchase of Stamps is concerned.

The National War Finance Committee has issued a number of Christmas Cards, which are available free to the public at post offices, banks and stationery stores, and they hope that the people of the province will avail themselves of these cards and insert a 25 cent war savings stamp and mail them to all their friends during the Christmas season. This is one way that Alberta can better its records for war saving stamp purchases.

WHY WE BUY VICTORY BONDS

Why do we buy Victory Bonds? There are several reasons, all quite sound. We do it to keep personal spending from clashing with government spending, and thus we forestall inflation. We do it to have a nest egg after the war, when consumers' goods will be plentiful. We do it for many reasons that boil down to the fact that they are a careful, well-backed, production investment.

But let us not for one instant lose sight of the basic reason. We buy Victory Bonds first of all because we democratic, peace-loving Canadians have gone to war, leaders among the United Nations, with the passionate resolve of smashing big bullets and killing a vile spirit that threatened (and still threatens even in this hour of our vastly increased strenght) to frustrate the ideals we stand for—all over the world.

Our Canadian life is built to an heroic design. From small beginnings, against tremendous hardships, we made ourselves into a great nation. But never an aggresive one. It was democracy versus frightfulness, tolerance versus the appalling bullying of minorities, the will to enslave versus the will to set and keep free. We were utterly sincere in our resovle—and still we are.

Local and District

Chester Cammidge left by bus Friday last, for a week end visit to Calgary.

* * *

J. M. Armstrong, of Craigmyle, was a visitor in Delia last week end.

* * *

Russel Fletcher, of the R.C.-A.F., is home for a two weeks' sick leave.

* * *

Miss Ruth Craig left by bus on Friday to spend a few days in Calgary.

* * *

Pat. Ballf, who has been on the sick list, is now making satisfactory recovery.

* * *

Bob Stoness, of the R.C.A.F., spent week end leave with his wife and family.

* * *

Mrs. Bill Carter has just returned home after a vacation at Lethbridge and Calgary.

* * *

Miss Irene Dmytruk left by train Saturday morning for Calgary, where she will spend a few days' vacation.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Mike Marshall returned home last Monday after spending about two weeks' honeymoon in Calgary and various other favorite spots.

* * *

Miss Thelma Church, of Beynon, and Lac. Billy Church, of Macleod, spent the past week end at the home of their parents south of town.

* * *

The weather has been fairly mild during the past week, with temperatures around 35 above during the day. The frozen ground is covered with light snow. At this writing it has turned much colder.

Miss Leila Carter, who has been in Lethbridge since last January, has now been transferred to Calgary telephone office.

* * *

Mrs. Alex. Morrison has just returned after spending an eight day visit with her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Morrison, at Halkirk.

* * *

Sergeant A. L. Oulette, of the R.C.A.F., is visiting with his father and mother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. H. Joberg, on a 21 days' furlough.

* * *

Pilot Officer Fred Morrison is now somewhere in England, and says he is glad to be back in the Old Country, after being stationed in various places.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Cooper and daughter, of Michichi; also their son Billy, of the R.C.A.F., who is home on furlough, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Wilson last week.

* * *

Constable Everett R. Moore has arrived home on leave, after an absence of sixteen months. He is at present serving with the R.C M.P. detachment at Yorkton, Sask.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Roger Rose, of Ricinus (west of Innisfail), have been visiting their son and daughter-in-law at Elrose, Sask.; also their daughter and son-in-law in Hanna. They were the guests of Mrs. W. J. Barss over the week end, and enjoying meeting many old friends.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Edgley recently received several letters from their son, Gordon, of the R.C.O.C., who is now in an active theatre of war. He says it has rained incessantly, and much prefers the good old cold of Canada. Gordon has been in hospital for two months, but is now convalescent, and hopes to be back on duty shortly.

* * *

Word has been received that a pioneer resident of the Delia district, Chris Etter, has passed away at Anacortes, Washington, U.S.A., on Nov. 27, 1943. Deceased was in his 60th year, and leaves a widow and two children, Margaret and Roy, to mourn his loss. Mr. Etter homesteaded on the farm now operated by James Wilson. He sold this farm in 1925 and returned to the States, where he resided until the time of his death.

Cards of Thanks

I wish to thank the many friends for their kindness, and for flowers sent while a patient in Drumheller hospital.
—E. A. Hill.

We wish to thank all our friends and neighbors for the fine time and lovely gifts received at our Golden Wedding; also those who took part in work at same.
—Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Dunfield,
10159–104 St., Edmonton.

We wish to thank the many kind friends of Delia for the lovely set of silver given us as a wedding present.
Anne and Jim Ellerton.

A thousand thanks for $82.00. By our donors to the British and Foreign Bible Society for 1943.
—(Signed), Society's Staff, in Delia.

Dominion Bureau of Statistics

(Issued 30th Sept., 1943)

Registrations of Births, Deaths and Marriages; September, 1943

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics issues today the number of registrations of births, deaths and marriages during the month of September, 1943, in the cities, towns and villages of Canada having a population of 10,000 and over.

This report is compiled from information submitted to the Bureau through the courtesy of the Provincial Divisions of Vital Statistics and the local registrars, and provides the current figures as an index of the incidence of births, deaths and marriages throughout the Dominion of Canada. It is nothing more than a count of the registrations filed during the month.

Births registered in these cities, towns and villages in September numbered 10,860, deaths 4,357, and marriages 5,264, as compared with 10,262 births, 4,001 deaths and 7,157 marriages in September last year, showing increases of 6 per cent in births, 7 per cent in deaths, and a decrease of 26 per cent in marriages.

DRUMHELLER MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL

Sale of Special Contracts

The Board of the Drumheller Municipal Hospital District No. 3, announces that special contracts will be sold to those non-ratepayers who are desirous of obtaining the $1.00 per day rate, and reduced rates for special services for themselves and their dependents at the hospital in Drumheller. Sale of these contracts will begin immediately and will continue until midnight December 31st, 1943. These contracts will be effective January 1st, 1944, and will remain in force until December 31st, 1944. Contracts may be purchased at the business office of the hospital in Drumheller for the sum of $10.00. Any further particulars desired may be obtained from the undersigned.

L. WILSON, Secretary-Treasurer.

IN MEMORIAM OF THE LATE W. O. MORRISON

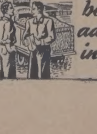
The following is a list of those who sent floral tributes during the death of the late Mr. William Oliver Morrison:—

The Family.
French and Family.
Hand Hills Lodge, No. 98, A.F. & A.M.
Members Delia Reserve R.C.O.C.
Canadian Legion, B.E.S.L.
Highland Rebekah Lodge, No. 75
Delia Curling Club.
Neighbors on his Street.
Delia Grain Buyers.
Delia Farmers' Store.
Major and Mrs. Newman.
Miss Mary Fonger.
Teacher and Pupils of Primary Room, Delia School.
City Cafe (Lee Fook)
No. 1 R. A.O.M S R.C.O.C., Drumheller.
T. Eaton Co., Calgary.
Pioneer Grain Co. Ltd., Winnipeg
Mr. & Mrs. Chas. Lawrence.
" Joe Fulton.
" Ken. Harcus.
" M. H. Ballf.
" Martin Mennis.
" Leonard Sverdahl.
" D. H. Campbell.
" Joe Armstrong.
" W. Eddleston.
" J. Battle.
" Art. Carson & Audrey.
" George Carson.
" O. R. Hands.
" Henry Berkheim.
" W. Herzog.
" R. A. Macpherson.
" W. W. Dodds.
" Claude Heidt.
" Fred Heidt.
" Angus McKay.
" Ervin Limpert.
" P. O. Courtney.
" F. C. Courtney.
" W. Gibson.
" J. Morrison.
" Herman Joberg.
" W. D. Fitzsimmons.
" John Carter.
" John Hohenacker.
" Larder and Valerie.
" Mitchell.
" L. Howarth, Calgary.
" C. Lawrence, Hanna.
Mr. R. A. McKinnon.
" John McKay
" W. K. Sutherland.
" V. J Kidston.
Mrs. G. Smith and Family.
" R. Beaton, Geo and Alex.
" B. Limpert.
" F. DeMott and Family.
" J. O'Hara.
" K. Kempf.
" P. Killian.
" J. Battle.
Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Herman.
" Wm. Dmytruk.
" John Sakaluk.
" Fred Mittlestead.
" Tom McAuliffe.
" Cliff. Friedley.
" Frank Lomas.
" Felix Battle.
" Wm. Hall.
" Tom Huddleston.
" S. H. Sloan.
" George Edgley.
" George Lowe.
" Chris. Berkheim.
" Chas. Greer.
" Andy Mason.
" Chas. Lees.
" Bob Stoness.
Mr. and Mrs. Martin Julson.
" L. A. Flett.
" John Wilson.
" Alex. Bolduc.
" Emerson Reid.
" Harry Imler.
" Bert Simpson.
" Bob Milne.
" Bob Morrison.
" Neil Golley.
" Wm. Lawrence.
" E. A. Thompson.
" Adam Beaton.
" Marshall Hewson.
" G. E. Hewson.
" F. C. Riebert.
" G. F. Herman.
" Chris. Christenson.
" Tom Pearce.
" Chas. Morrison.
" Art Lewis.
" Syth Kievit.
" Karl Zakariasen.
" Fred Harrison.
" John Marshall.
" George Dunfield.
" Howard Stevenson.
" Art. Hoover.
" Wm. Deigle.
" O. A. Young.
" Tom McKee.
" Geo. Ridley.
" George King.
" Orval Tabor.
" Severn Sverdahl.
" Ernie Hall.
" Wm. Limpert.
" Sam Thompson.
" Cecil Edwards.
" Allan Beaton.
" Roy Lindsay.
" McMillan.
" Mark Williams.
" A. L. Gordon.
" George Bolster.
" Peter Thompson.
" Ham. Hoy.
" Leslie Dunfield.
" S. H. Martin.
" J. W. Martin.
" W. W. Hubbard.
" Alex. Merslack.
" Fred Shatz.
" Howard Sloan.
" Wm. Sinclair & John.
" A. C. McCully.
" Simon Elliott.
" Wm. Leckie.
Mr. Fred Falconer and Otto.
Mrs. S. A. Davis and Roy.
Mr. Stanley Sverdahl.
Mrs. S. Morrison.
Mr. Alex. Aitken.
" Dan. Boyd.
" Alex. Boyd.
" Tom Stephen.
" James Luther.
" Pete Nielsen.
" Stanley Larson.
" Tilly.
" "Scottie" Jackson.
" Fred Dayman.
" Joe Cousins.
" Hugh McLaren.
" Archie McLaren.
" John Olsen and Family.
" Wm. Reeves and Family.
Mrs. M. E. Swayne.
" John Kissick and Percy.
" Nelson and Patsy.
Miss Dean Van Harren.
Miss Helena Porter.

Increased Price of Coal Has Been Authorized

Increases ranging from 10 to 65 cents per ton for coal produced in certain areas of Alberta and British Columbia have been authorized by the Coal Administrator, Wartime Prices and Trade Board. New prices result from the decision reached by the Royal Commission which investigated the dispute in those areas and have been determined as directed by the Government. These increases are subject to review at any time up to March 31, 1944

The ALBERTA PACIFIC ELEVATOR AGENT



..can give you the benefit of expert advice in the marketing of your grain

(41)

Honor Roll

List of Those Enlisted In The Armed Forces From This District

Allen, Maj. R. F.
Almond, Jas.
Almond, Peter
Almond, Caroline Ann
Bertsch, R.
Bertsch, W.
Bertsch, Rubin
Bertsch, Edwin
Billings. Geo.
Billings, Arnold
Burgess, J.
Brunner, H.
Battle, J.
Battle, Robt
Battle, Lester
Burke, Norman
Berg, Matt.
Berg, Doug.
Ball, Harry
Berg, Robt.
Bender, R.
Blair, John
Curtis, Wm. (sen.)
Curtis, Joe
Curtis, Billy
Cave, J.
Cook, Gordon L.
Church, W. A.
Digiano, L.
Dack, David
Dack, Phillip
Dmytruk, Mike
Dmytruk, Andrew
Dmytruk, Alex.
Dechenne, R. K.
Dodds, Nicholas
Elliott, Dorothy
Edmonson, Bert.
Edwards, Basil
Edwards, Allan
Edwards, Harris
Edgley, Gordon
Fulton, Isabell
Farquharson, Geo.
Farquharson, R.H.
Friedley Wm.
Friedley, H.
Friedley, R.
Friedley, Elmer M.
Foye, Gordon E.
Fletcher, L.
Fletcher, H.
Fletcher, Russel
Farwell, Russell
Ferris, Jack
Fitzsimmons, Norman A.
Ganong, Ken.
Grant, Tom
Galer, Nick
Gordon, Arthur R.
Godwin, Mrs. A.
Gibson, Bob
Hubbard, L.
Hubbard, Jim
Hamilton, C.
Hamilton, M.
Hoy, T. C.
Humphrey, T.
Hodgeon, P.
Harsch, Fred
Hall, Wm.
Hartman, John
Harrison, Vivian
Harrison, Jean
Imler, G.
Joberg, Ellis
Jones, Evan
Jamieson, Pete
King, N.
Kempf, K.
Killian, Bill
Limpert, J. B.
Lefley, J.
Lefley, Art.
Larder, C. (missing)
Lindsay, W.
Lane, Ross
Lane, Bette
Long, Sidney
Long, Reta
Long, Edna May
Martin, Jimmy
Morrison, Billy
Morrison, Mary
Morrison, Fred
Morrison, Doug.
Morrison, M. M.
Mittlestead, M.
Mossop, Wm.
Mortimer, L.
Marshall, A.
Marshall, N. J.
Marshall, Fred.
Marshall, T. A.
Miles, Herb.
Miles, Harold
McMurchie, J.
McLaren, Alex.
McCully, Jack B.
Mittlestead, N.
McKee, S. W.
McAuliffe, Tom
MacMillan, Harry
MacMillan, Bobbie
Macpherson, K. R.
Moore, Byron G.
Moore, Frank C.
McConnell, John
Morlock, E. E.
Newman, W.
Naffin, Alex.
Nicholl, Wm.
Okie, F.
O'Hara, Joe
Porter, F.
Porter, E.
Porter, J.
Pierce, Ben (Sr.)
Pierce, Tom
Peterson, Van
Pullar, Stewart
Pearson, Doris
Peterson, James
Peterson, Olaf
Piffer, Homar
Piffer, Earl
Pearson, Ernest H.
Rieger, Henry
Rieger, William
Reid, Emerson
Ripper, Laurie
Ripper, Frank
Ripper, Rosemary
Ross, G.
Reib, Gilbert
Simpson, Allan
Simpson, Jimmy
Sprouse, K.
Sprouse, Robert
Smith, G.
Smith, Geo.
Smith, Jas.
Skeels, Lionel
Sinclair, R.
Staples, L. D.
Swainson, Carl
Stoness, R.
Snyder, Lorne
Saluke, L. Sam
Sloan, Melvin
Taylor, M.
Taylor, Lester
Taylor, Russell
Thompson, W.
Thompson, Cecil
Tario, J. D.
Tiffin, Robt. L.
Todd, Edmund
Tillotson, Eunice
Tillotson, L. M.
Tillotson, J. R.
Venus, Arnold
Venus, Art
Watson, Frank
Wallace, R. J.
Wallace, Oliver D.

N.B.—Please send us in the name of any soldier omitted from above list.

RADIO

The following are among the high lights of programs to be heard over CBC stations on Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, December 9, 10, 11, and 12. All times mentioned are Mountain Daylight Time.

THURSDAY, DEC. 16

6:30 p.m. The Aldrich Family.
7:00 " Bing Crosby Music Hall.
8:00 " CBC National News.
8:15 " CBC Concert Series.
9 00 " Drama.
9:30 " We Shall Have Music.
11:00 " CBC News.

FRIDAY, DEC. 17

6:00 p.m. "Victory Parade."
7:00 " Waltz Time.
7:30 " R.C.A.F. Quiz Show.
8:00 " CBC National News.
9:00 " Soliloquy.
9:30 " Drama.
10:00 " BBC News Reel.
10:30 " The Northern Messenger.

SATURDAY, DEC. 18

6:00 p.m. Jolly Millar Time.
6:30 " Share the Wealth.
7:05 " N.H.L. Hockey.
8:30 " Dance Orchestra.
9:00 " Red River Barn Dance.
9:30 " United Services Centre Show.
10:30 " Holywood Curtain Call.
11:00 " CBC News.

SUNDAY, DEC. 19

6:30 p.m. Week-End Review.
7:00 " Drama.
7:30 " Album of Familiar Music.
8:00 " CBC National News.
8:15 " Handel Oratorios.
9:30 " Music From the Pacific.
10:30 " Vesper Hour.
11:00 " CBC News.